



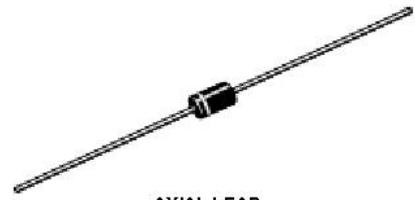
SYNSEMI SEMICONDUCTOR

Licensed by **ON Semiconductor**, a trademark of **Semiconductor Components Industries, LLC** for **Zener Technology** and **Products**.

# 1 Watt DO-41 Hermetically Sealed Glass Zener Voltage Regulators

## Maximum Ratings

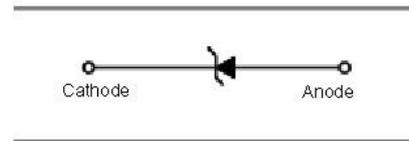
| Rating  | Symbol         | Value       | Unit                 |
|---|----------------|-------------|----------------------|
| Maximum Steady State Power Dissipation @ $T_L \leq 50^\circ\text{C}$ , Lead Length = 3/8" | $P_D$          | 1.0         | W                    |
| Derate Above $50^\circ\text{C}$   |                | 6.67        | mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Operating and Storage Temperature Range   | $T_J, T_{stg}$ | -65 to +200 | $^\circ\text{C}$     |



AXIAL LEAD DO41

## Specification Features

- Zener Voltage Range = 3.3 V to 91 V
- ESD Rating of Class 3 (>16 KV) per Human Body Model
- DO-41 Package (DO-204AL)
- Double Slug Type Construction
- Metallurgical Bonded Construction
- Oxide Passivated Die



## Mechanical Characteristics

- Case** : Double slug type, hermetically sealed glass  
**Finish** : All external surfaces are corrosion resistant and leads are readily solderable.  
**Polarity** : Cathode indicated by polarity band  
**Mounting**: Any

**Maximum Lead Temperature for Soldering Purposes**  
 230 $^\circ\text{C}$ , 1/16" from the case for 10 seconds

## MARKING DIAGRAM



- L = Logo
- BZX85Cxxx = Device Code
- Y = Year
- WW = Work Week

## Ordering Information

| Device         | Package    | Shipping                 |
|----------------|------------|--------------------------|
| BZX85Cxxx      | Axial Lead | 2000 Units / Box         |
| BZX85CxxxRL    | Axial Lead | 6000 Units / Tape & Reel |
| BZX85CxxxRL2 * | Axial Lead | 6000 Units / Tape & Reel |
| BZX85CxxxTA    | Axial Lead | 4000 Units / Tape & Ammo |
| BZX85CxxxTA2 * | Axial Lead | 4000 Units / Tape & Ammo |

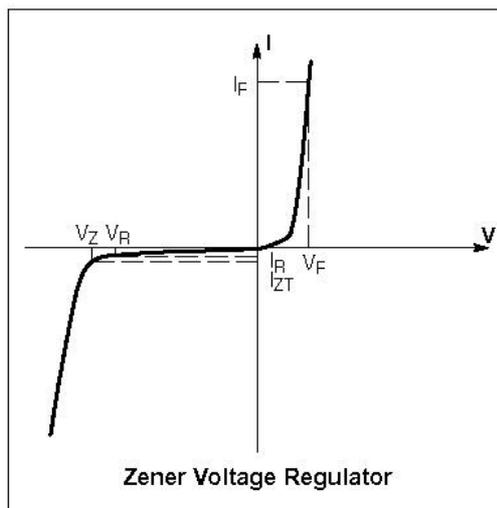
\* The "2" suffix refers to 26 mm tape spacing.

Devices listed in **bold italic** are SynSemi **Preferred** devices. **Preferred** devices are recommended choices for future use and best overall value.

## BZX85C3V3 Series

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted,  $V_F = 1.2\text{ V Max.}$ ,  $I_F = 200\text{ mA}$  for all types)

| Symbol   | Parameter                                |
|----------|--|
| $V_Z$    | Reverse Zener Voltage @ $I_{ZT}$         |
| $I_{ZT}$ | Reverse Current                          |
| $Z_{ZT}$ | Maximum Zener Impedance @ $I_{ZT}$       |
| $I_{ZK}$ | Reverse Current                          |
| $Z_{ZK}$ | Maximum Zener Impedance @ $I_{ZK}$       |
| $I_R$    | Reverse Leakage Current @ $V_R$          |
| $V_R$    | Breakdown Voltage                        |
| $I_F$    | Forward Current                          |
| $V_F$    | Forward Voltage @ $I_F$                  |
| $I_R$    | Surge Current @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ |



**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted,  $V_F = 1.2\text{ V Max.}$ ,  $I_F = 200\text{ mA}$  for all types)

| Device<br>(Note 1.) | Device<br>Marking | Zener Voltage (Notes 2. and 3.) |       |      | Zener Impedance (Note 4.) |                     |                     | Leakage Current |                   | $I_R$<br>(Note 5.) |      |
|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|-------|------|---------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------------|-------------------|--------------------|------|
|                     |                   | $V_Z$ (Volts)                   |       |      | @ $I_{ZT}$                | $Z_{ZT}$ @ $I_{ZT}$ | $Z_{ZK}$ @ $I_{ZK}$ | $I_R$ @ $V_R$   |                   |                    |      |
|                     |                   | Min                             | Nom   | Max  | mA                        | $\Omega$            | $\Omega$            | mA              | $\mu\text{A Max}$ | Volts              | mA   |
| BZX85C3V3RL         | BZX85C3V3         | 3.1                             | 3.3   | 3.5  | 80                        | 20                  | 400                 | 1               | 1                 | 60                 | 1380 |
| BZX85C3V6RL         | BZX85C3V6         | 3.4                             | 3.6   | 3.8  | 60                        | 15                  | 500                 | 1               | 1                 | 30                 | 1260 |
| BZX85C3V9RL         | BZX85C3V9         | 3.7                             | 3.9   | 4.1  | 60                        | 15                  | 500                 | 1               | 1                 | 5                  | 1190 |
| BZX85C4V3RL         | BZX85C4V3         | 4.0                             | 4.3   | 4.6  | 50                        | 13                  | 500                 | 1               | 1                 | 3                  | 1070 |
| BZX85C4V7RL         | BZX85C4V7         | 4.4                             | 4.7   | 5.0  | 45                        | 13                  | 600                 | 1               | 1.5               | 3                  | 970  |
| BZX85C5V1RL         | BZX85C5V1         | 4.8                             | 5.1   | 5.4  | 45                        | 10                  | 500                 | 1               | 2                 | 1                  | 890  |
| BZX85C5V6RL         | BZX85C5V6         | 5.2                             | 5.6   | 6.0  | 45                        | 7                   | 400                 | 1               | 2                 | 1                  | 810  |
| BZX85C6V2RL         | BZX85C6V2         | 5.8                             | 6.2   | 6.6  | 35                        | 4                   | 300                 | 1               | 3                 | 1                  | 730  |
| BZX85C6V8RL         | BZX85C6V8         | 6.4                             | 6.8   | 7.2  | 35                        | 3.5                 | 300                 | 1               | 4                 | 1                  | 660  |
| BZX85C7V5RL         | BZX85C7V5         | 7.0                             | 7.45  | 7.9  | 35                        | 3                   | 200                 | 0.5             | 4.5               | 1                  | 605  |
| BZX85C8V2RL         | BZX85C8V2         | 7.7                             | 8.2   | 8.7  | 25                        | 5                   | 200                 | 0.5             | 5                 | 1                  | 550  |
| BZX85C9V1RL         | BZX85C9V1         | 8.5                             | 9.05  | 9.6  | 25                        | 5                   | 200                 | 0.5             | 6.5               | 1                  | 500  |
| BZX85C10RL          | BZX85C10          | 9.4                             | 10    | 10.6 | 25                        | 7                   | 200                 | 0.5             | 7                 | 0.5                | 454  |
| BZX85C12RL          | BZX85C12          | 11.4                            | 12.05 | 12.7 | 20                        | 9                   | 350                 | 0.5             | 8.4               | 0.5                | 380  |
| BZX85C13RL          | BZX85C13          | 12.4                            | 13.25 | 14.1 | 20                        | 10                  | 400                 | 0.5             | 9.1               | 0.5                | 344  |

**1. TOLERANCE AND TYPE NUMBER DESIGNATION**

The type numbers listed have zener voltage min/max limits as shown and have a standard tolerance on the nominal zener voltage of  $\pm 5\%$ .

**2. AVAILABILITY OF SPECIAL DIODES**

For detailed information on price, availability and delivery of nominal zener voltages between the voltages shown and tighter voltage tolerances, contact your nearest Tak Cheong representative.

**3. ZENER VOLTAGE ( $V_Z$ ) MEASUREMENT**

$V_Z$  measured after the test current has been applied to  $40 \pm 10$  msec, while maintaining the lead temperature ( $T_L$ ) at  $30^\circ\text{C} \pm 1^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $3/8"$  from the diode body.

**4. ZENER IMPEDANCE ( $Z_Z$ ) DERIVATION**

The zener impedance is derived from 1 kHz cycle AC voltage, which results when an AC current having an rms value equal to 10% of the DC zener current ( $I_{ZT}$  or  $I_{ZK}$ ) is superimposed on  $I_{ZT}$  or  $I_{ZK}$ .

**5. SURGE CURRENT ( $I_R$ ) NON-REPETITIVE**

The rating listed in the electrical characteristics table is maximum peak, non-repetitive, reverse surge current of 1/2 square wave or equivalent sine wave pulse of 1/120 second duration superimposed on the test current,  $I_{ZT}$ . However, actual device capability is as described in Figure 5 of the General Data DO-41 Glass.

## BZX85C3V3 Series

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted,  $V_F = 1.2\text{ V Max.}$ ,  $I_F = 200\text{ mA}$  for all types)

| Device<br>(Note 6.) | Device<br>Marking | Zener Voltage (Notes 7. and 8.) |       |      | Zener Impedance (Note 9.) |                     |                     | Leakage Current |                   | $I_R$<br>(Note 10.) |     |
|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|-------|------|---------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------------|-------------------|---------------------|-----|
|                     |                   | $V_Z$ (Volts)                   |       |      | @ $I_{ZT}$                | $Z_{ZT}$ @ $I_{ZT}$ | $Z_{ZK}$ @ $I_{ZK}$ | $I_R$ @ $V_R$   |                   |                     |     |
|                     |                   | Min                             | Nom   | Max  | mA                        | $\Omega$            | $\Omega$            | mA              | $\mu\text{A Max}$ | Volts               | mA  |
| BZX85C15RL          | BZX85C15          | 13.8                            | 14.7  | 15.6 | 15                        | 15                  | 500                 | 0.5             | 10.5              | 0.5                 | 304 |
| BZX85C16RL          | BZX85C16          | 15.3                            | 16.2  | 17.1 | 15                        | 15                  | 500                 | 0.5             | 11                | 0.5                 | 285 |
| BZX85C18RL          | BZX85C18          | 16.8                            | 17.95 | 19.1 | 15                        | 20                  | 500                 | 0.5             | 12.5              | 0.5                 | 250 |
| BZX85C22RL          | BZX85C22          | 20.8                            | 22.05 | 23.3 | 10                        | 25                  | 600                 | 0.5             | 15.5              | 0.5                 | 205 |
| BZX85C24RL          | BZX85C24          | 22.8                            | 24.2  | 25.6 | 10                        | 25                  | 600                 | 0.5             | 17                | 0.5                 | 190 |
| BZX85C27RL          | BZX85C27          | 25.1                            | 27    | 28.9 | 8                         | 30                  | 750                 | 0.25            | 19                | 0.5                 | 170 |
| BZX85C30RL          | BZX85C30          | 28                              | 30    | 32   | 8                         | 30                  | 1000                | 0.25            | 21                | 0.5                 | 150 |
| BZX85C33RL          | BZX85C33          | 31                              | 33    | 35   | 8                         | 35                  | 1000                | 0.25            | 23                | 0.5                 | 135 |
| BZX85C36RL          | BZX85C36          | 34                              | 36    | 38   | 8                         | 40                  | 1000                | 0.25            | 25                | 0.5                 | 125 |
| BZX85C43RL          | BZX85C43          | 40                              | 43    | 46   | 6                         | 50                  | 1000                | 0.25            | 30                | 0.5                 | 110 |
| BZX85C47RL          | BZX85C47          | 44                              | 47    | 50   | 4                         | 90                  | 1500                | 0.25            | 33                | 0.5                 | 95  |
| BZX85C62RL          | BZX85C62          | 58                              | 62    | 66   | 4                         | 125                 | 2000                | 0.25            | 43                | 0.5                 | 70  |
| BZX85C75RL          | BZX85C75          | 70                              | 75    | 80   | 4                         | 150                 | 2000                | 0.25            | 51                | 0.5                 | 60  |
| BZX85C82RL          | BZX85C82          | 77                              | 82    | 87   | 2.7                       | 200                 | 3000                | 0.25            | 56                | 0.5                 | 55  |

**6. TOLERANCE AND TYPE NUMBER DESIGNATION**

The type numbers listed have zener voltage min/max limits as shown and have a standard tolerance on the nominal zener voltage of  $\pm 5\%$ .

**7. AVAILABILITY OF SPECIAL DIODES**

For detailed information on price, availability and delivery of nominal zener voltages between the voltages shown and tighter voltage tolerances, contact your nearest Tak Cheong representative.

**8. ZENER VOLTAGE ( $V_Z$ ) MEASUREMENT**

$V_Z$  measured after the test current has been applied to  $40 \pm 10$  msec, while maintaining the lead temperature ( $T_L$ ) at  $30^\circ\text{C} \pm 1^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $3/8"$  from the diode body.

**9. ZENER IMPEDANCE ( $Z_Z$ ) DERIVATION**

The zener impedance is derived from 1 kHz cycle AC voltage, which results when an AC current having an rms value equal to 10% of the DC zener current ( $I_{ZT}$  or  $I_{ZK}$ ) is superimposed on  $I_{ZT}$  or  $I_{ZK}$ .

**10. SURGE CURRENT ( $I_R$ ) NON-REPETITIVE**

The rating listed in the electrical characteristics table is maximum peak, non-repetitive, reverse surge current of 1/2 square wave or equivalent sine wave pulse of 1/120 second duration superimposed on the test current,  $I_{ZT}$ . However, actual device capability is as described in Figure 5 of the General Data DO-41 Glass.

## BZX85C3V3 Series

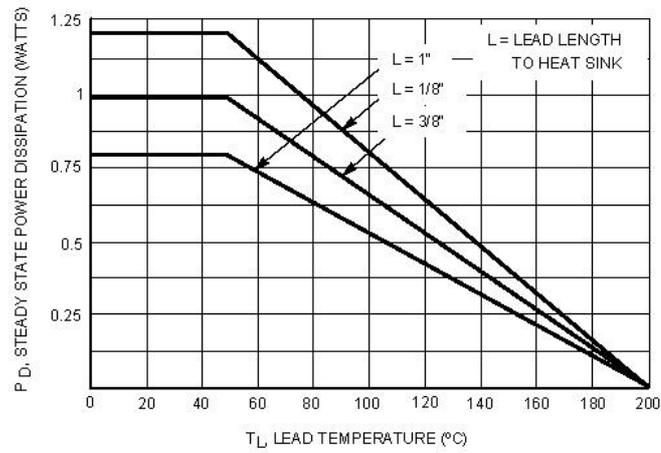
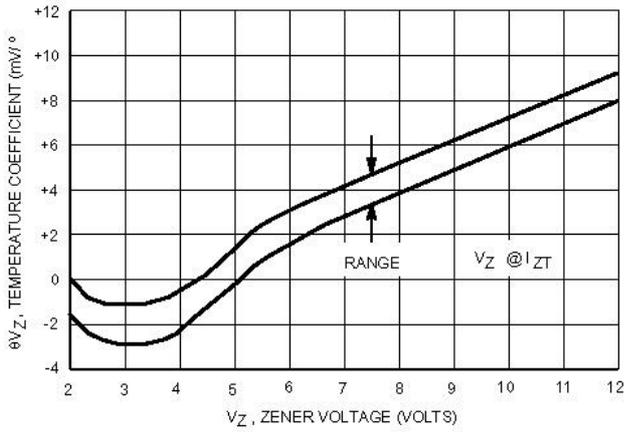


Figure 1. Power Temperature Derating Curve

# BZX85C3V3 Series

a. Range for Units to 12 Volts



b. Range for Units to 12 to 100 Volts

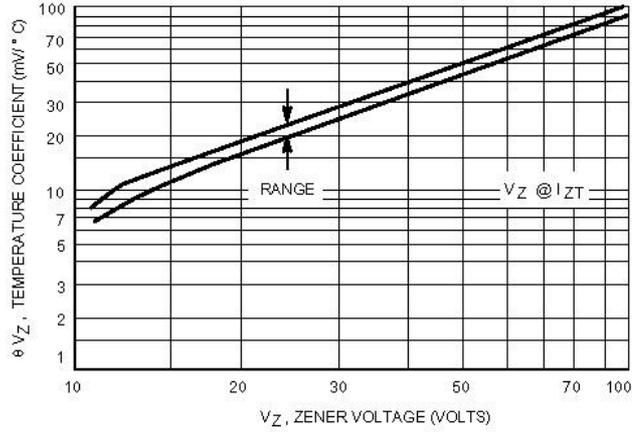


Figure 2. Temperature Coefficients

(-55 °C to +150 °C temperature range; 90% of the units are in the ranges indicated.)

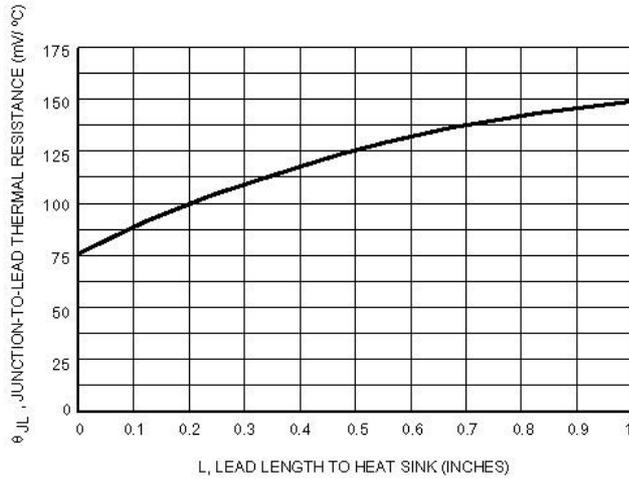


Figure 3. Typical Thermal Resistance versus Lead Length

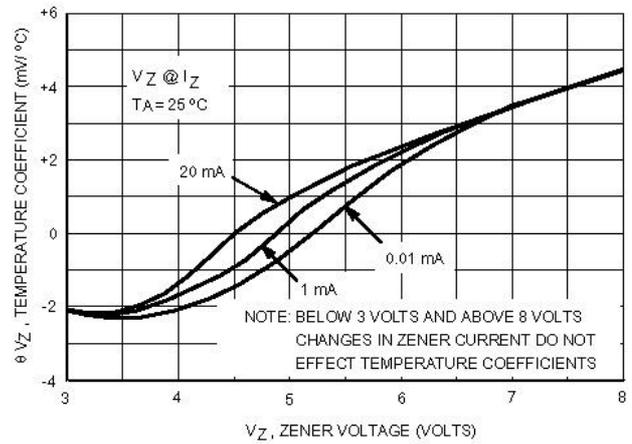
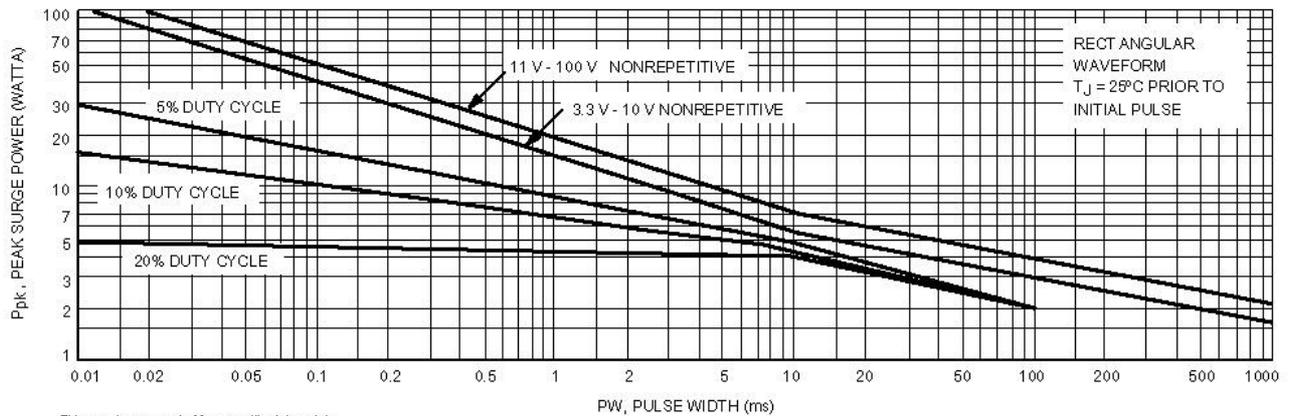


Figure 4. Effect of Zener Current



This graph represents 90 percentile data points.  
For worst case design characteristics, multiply surge power by 2/3.

Figure 5. Maximum Surge Power

# BZX85C3V3 Series

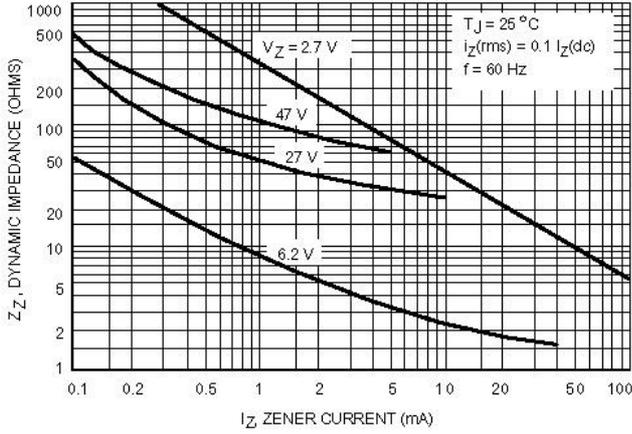


Figure 6. Effect of Zener Current on Zener Impedance

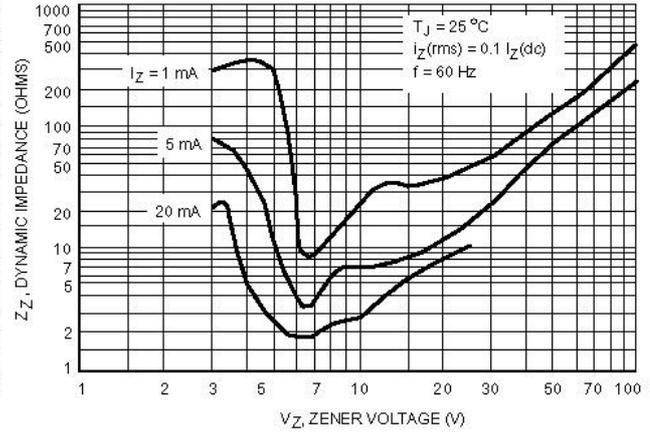


Figure 7. Effect of Zener Voltage on Zener Impedance

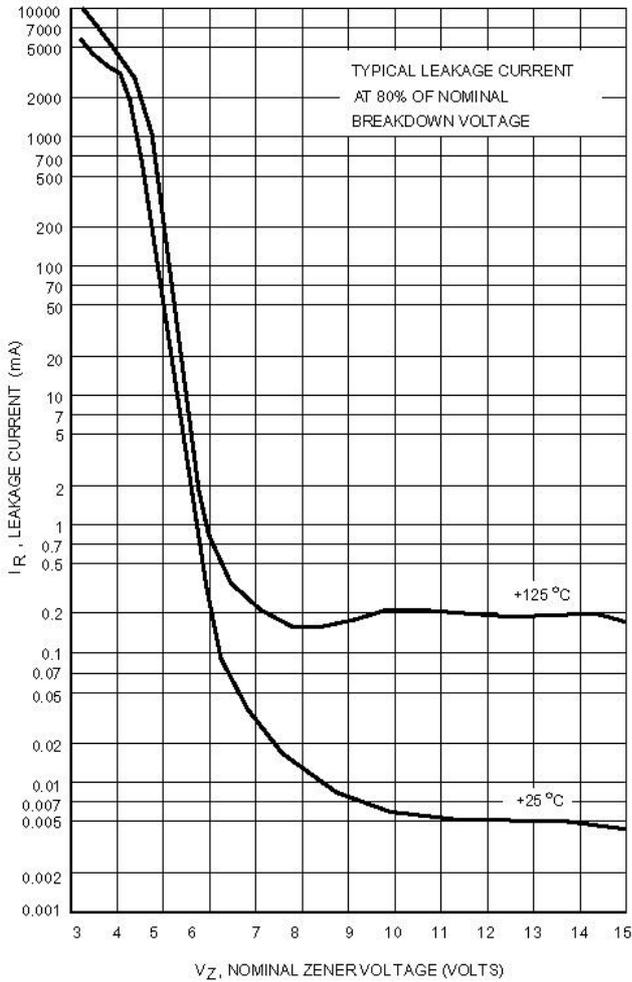


Figure 8. Typical Leakage Current

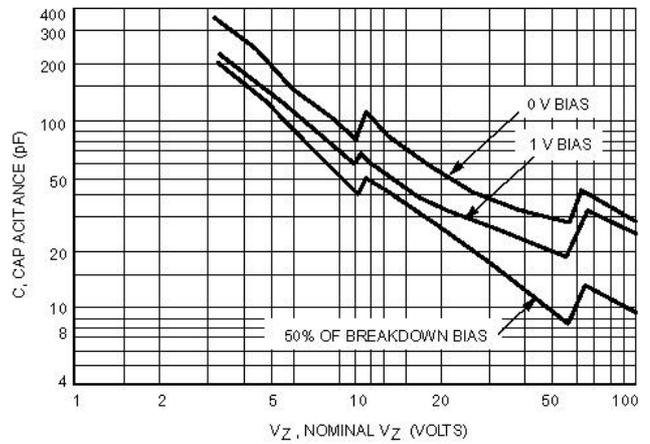


Figure 9. Typical Capacitance versus  $V_Z$

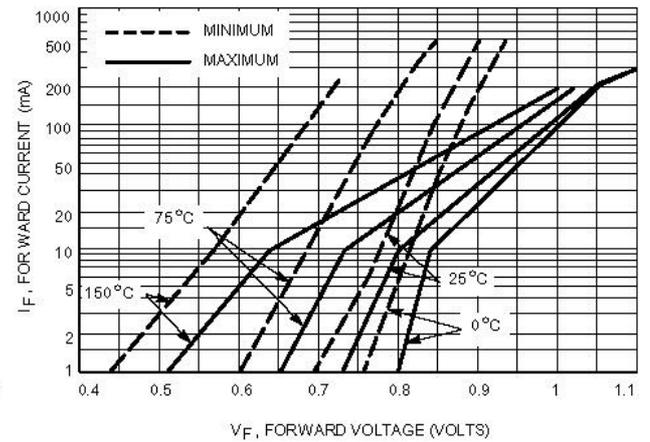


Figure 10. Typical Forward Characteristics

## BZX85C3V3 Series

### APPLICATION NOTE

Since the actual voltage available from a given zener diode is temperature dependent, it is necessary to determine junction temperature under any set of operating conditions in order to calculate its value. The following procedure is recommended:

Lead Temperature,  $T_L$ , should be determined from:

$$T_L = \theta_{LA}P_D + T_A.$$

$\theta_{LA}$  is the lead-to-ambient thermal resistance ( $^{\circ}C/W$ ) and  $P_D$  is the power dissipation. The value for  $\theta_{LA}$  will vary and depends on the device mounting method.  $\theta_{LA}$  is generally 30 to  $40^{\circ}C/W$  for the various clips and tie points in common use and for printed circuit board wiring.

The temperature of the lead can also be measured using a thermocouple placed on the lead as close as possible to the tie point. The thermal mass connected to the tie point is normally large enough so that it will not significantly respond to heat surges generated in the diode as a result of pulsed operation once steady-state conditions are achieved. Using the measured value of  $T_L$ , the junction temperature may be determined by:

$$T_J = T_L + \Delta T_{JL}.$$

$\Delta T_{JL}$  is the increase in junction temperature above the lead temperature and may be found as follows:

$$\Delta T_{JL} = \theta_{JL}P_D.$$

$\theta_{JL}$  may be determined from Figure 3 for dc power conditions. For worst-case design, using expected limits of  $I_Z$ , limits of  $P_D$  and the extremes of  $T_J(\Delta T_J)$  may be estimated. Changes in voltage,  $V_Z$ , can then be found from:

$$\Delta V = \theta_{VZ} \Delta T_J.$$

$\theta_{VZ}$ , the zener voltage temperature coefficient, is found from Figure 2.

Under high power-pulse operation, the zener voltage will vary with time and may also be affected significantly by the zener resistance. For best regulation, keep current excursions as low as possible.

Surge limitations are given in Figure 5. They are lower than would be expected by considering only junction temperature, as current crowding effects cause temperatures to be extremely high in small spots, resulting in device degradation should the limits of Figure 5 be exceeded.