

# IRG4PH40UD2PbF

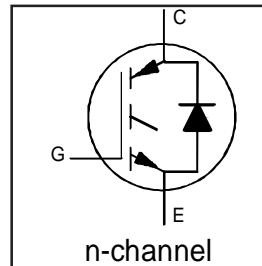
INSULATED GATE BIPOLAR TRANSISTOR WITH ULTRAFAST SOFT RECOVERY DIODE UltraFast CoPack IGBT

## Features

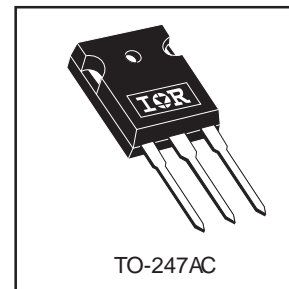
- UltraFast: Optimized for high operating frequencies up to 40 kHz in hard switching, >200 kHz in resonant mode
- New IGBT design provides tighter parameter distribution and higher efficiency than previous generations
- IGBT co-packaged with HEXFRED™ ultrafast, ultra-soft-recovery anti-parallel diodes for use in bridge configurations
- Industry standard TO-247AC package
- Lead-Free

## Benefits

- Higher switching frequency capability than competitive IGBTs
- Highest efficiency available
- HEXFRED diodes optimized for performance with IGBT's. Minimized recovery characteristics require less/no snubbing.



$V_{CES} = 600V$
$V_{CE(on)} \text{ typ.} = 1.72V$
@ $V_{GE} = 15V, I_C = 20A$



## Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Max.	Units
$V_{CES}$	Collector-to-Emitter Voltage	600	V
$I_C @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Collector Current	40	A
$I_C @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Continuous Collector Current	20	
$I_{CM}$	Pulse Collector Current ①	160	
$I_{LM}$	Clamped Inductive Load current ①	160	
$I_F @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Diode Continuous Forward Current	10	
$I_{FM}$	Diode Maximum Forward Current	40	V
$V_{GE}$	Gate-to-Emitter Voltage	$\pm 20$	
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Maximum Power Dissipation	160	W
$P_D @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Maximum Power Dissipation	65	
$T_J$	Operating Junction and	-55 to +150	$^\circ C$
$T_{STG}$	Storage Temperature Range		
	Storage Temperature Range, for 10 sec.		
	Mounting Torque, 6-32 or M3 screw	300 (0.063 in. (1.6mm) from case) 10 lbf•in (1.1N•m)	

## Thermal / Mechanical Characteristics

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case- IGBT	—	—	0.77	$^\circ C/W$
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case- Diode	—	—	2.5	
$R_{\theta CS}$	Case-to-Sink, flat, greased surface	—	0.24	—	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient, typical socket mount	—	—	40	
Wt	Weight	—	6 (0.21)	—	g (oz.)

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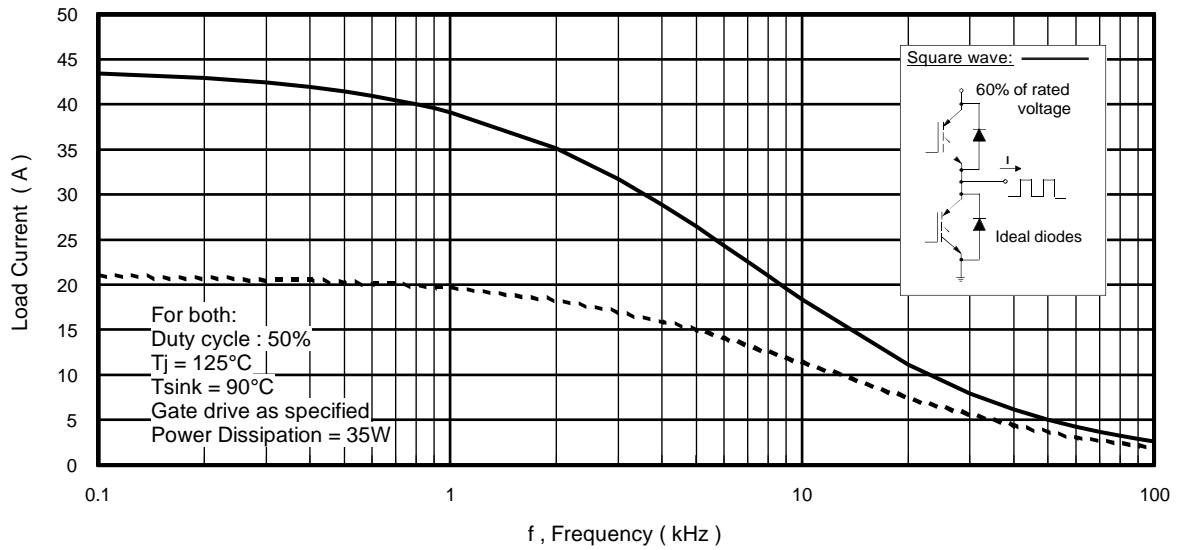
International  
**IRF** Rectifier

## Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

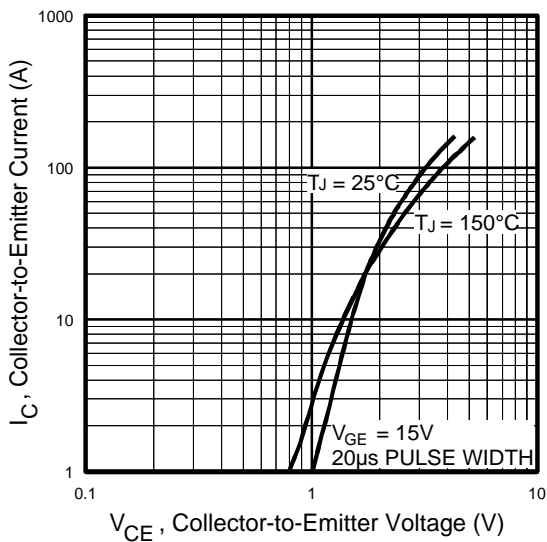
Parameter		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
V <sub>(BR)CES</sub>	Collector-to-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	600	—	—	V	V <sub>GE</sub> = 0V, I <sub>C</sub> = 250μA
ΔV <sub>(BR)CES</sub> /ΔT <sub>J</sub>	Temperature Coeff. of Breakdown Voltage	—	0.63	—	V/°C	V <sub>GE</sub> = 0V, I <sub>C</sub> = 1mA (25°C-150°C)
V <sub>CE(on)</sub>	Collector-to-Emitter Saturation Voltage	—	1.72	2.1	V	I <sub>C</sub> = 20A, V <sub>GE</sub> = 15V, T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C
		—	2.15	—		I <sub>C</sub> = 40A, V <sub>GE</sub> = 15V, T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C
		—	1.7	—		I <sub>C</sub> = 20A, V <sub>GE</sub> = 15V, T <sub>J</sub> = 150°C
V <sub>GE(th)</sub>	Gate Threshold Voltage	3.0	—	6.0		V <sub>CE</sub> = V <sub>GE</sub> , I <sub>C</sub> = 250μA
ΔV <sub>GE(th)</sub> /ΔT <sub>J</sub>	Threshold Voltage temp. coefficient	—	-13	—	mV/°C	V <sub>CE</sub> = V <sub>GE</sub> , I <sub>C</sub> = 250μA
g <sub>fe</sub>	Forward Transconductance ⑤	11	18	—	S	V <sub>CE</sub> = 100V, I <sub>C</sub> = 20A
I <sub>CES</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Collector Current	—	—	250	μA	V <sub>GE</sub> = 0V, V <sub>CE</sub> = 600V
		—	—	2.0		V <sub>GE</sub> = 0V, V <sub>CE</sub> = 10V, T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C
		—	—	2500		V <sub>GE</sub> = 0V, V <sub>CE</sub> = 600V, T <sub>J</sub> = 150°C
V <sub>FM</sub>	Diode Forward Voltage Drop	—	3.4	3.8	V	I <sub>F</sub> = 10A, V <sub>GE</sub> = 0V
		—	3.3	3.7		I <sub>F</sub> = 10A, V <sub>GE</sub> = 0V, T <sub>J</sub> = 150°C
I <sub>GES</sub>	Gate-to-Emitter Leakage Current	—	—	±100	nA	V <sub>GE</sub> = ±20V

## Switching Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

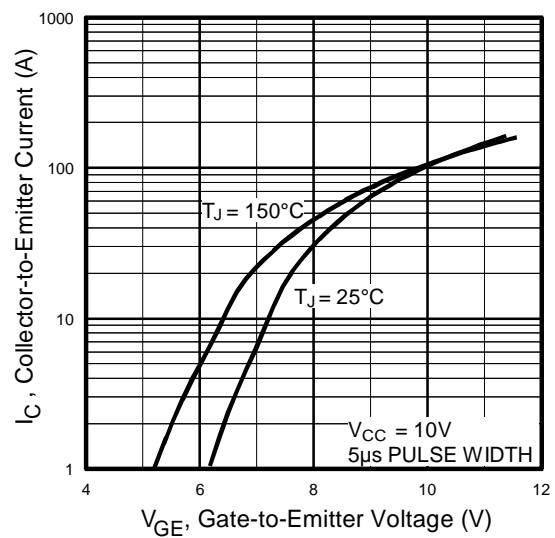
	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge (turn-on)	—	110	130	nC	$I_C = 20A$
$Q_{ge}$	Gate-to-Emitter Charge (turn-on)	—	18	24		$V_{CC} = 400V$
$Q_{gc}$	Gate-to-Collector Charge (turn-on)	—	36	53		$V_{GE} = 15V$
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On delay time	—	23	—	ns	$I_C = 20A, V_{CC} = 600V$
$t_r$	Rise time	—	27	—		$V_{GE} = 15V, R_G = 10\Omega$
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off delay time	—	100	110		$T_J = 25^\circ C$
$t_f$	Fall time	—	280	340		Energy losses included "tail"
$E_{on}$	Turn-On Switching Loss	—	1440	—	$\mu J$	$I_C = 20A, V_{CC} = 600V$
$E_{off}$	Turn-Off Switching Loss	—	1410	—		$V_{GE} = 15V, R_G = 10\Omega$
$E_{tot}$	Total Switching Loss	—	2850	3740		$T_J = 25^\circ C$
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On delay time	—	22	—	ns	$I_C = 20A, V_{CC} = 600V$
$t_r$	Rise time	—	32	—		$V_{GE} = 15V, R_G = 10\Omega, L = 1.0mH$
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off delay time	—	190	—		$T_J = 150^\circ C$
$t_f$	Fall time	—	630	—		Energy losses included "tail"
$E_{TS}$	Total Switching Loss	—	5360	—	$\mu J$	
$L_E$	Internal Emitter Inductance	—	13	—	nH	Measured 5mm from package
$C_{ies}$	Input Capacitance	—	2100	—	pF	$V_{GE} = 0V$
$C_{oes}$	Output Capacitance	—	99	—		$V_{CC} = 30V$
$C_{res}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	12	—		$f = 1.0MHz$
$t_{rr}$	Diode Reverse Recovery Time	—	50	76	ns	$T_J=25^\circ C, V_{CC} = 200V, I_F = 10A, di/dt = 200A/\mu s$
		—	72	110		$T_J=125^\circ C, V_{CC} = 200V, I_F = 10A, di/dt = 200A/\mu s$
$I_{rr}$	Diode Peak Reverse Recovery Current	—	4.4	7.0	A	$T_J=25^\circ C, V_{CC} = 200V, I_F = 10A, di/dt = 200A/\mu s$
		—	5.9	8.8		$T_J=125^\circ C, V_{CC} = 200V, I_F = 10A, di/dt = 200A/\mu s$
$Q_{rr}$	Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	—	130	200	nC	$T_J=25^\circ C, V_{CC} = 200V, I_F = 10A, di/dt = 200A/\mu s$
		—	250	380		$T_J=125^\circ C, V_{CC} = 200V, I_F = 10A, di/dt = 200A/\mu s$
$di_{(rec)M}/dt$	Diode Peak Rate of Fall of Recovery During $t_b$	—	210	—	A/ $\mu s$	$T_J=25^\circ C, V_{CC} = 200V, I_F = 10A, di/dt = 200A/\mu s$
		—	180	—		$T_J=125^\circ C, V_{CC} = 200V, I_F = 10A, di/dt = 200A/\mu s$



**Fig. 1 - Typical Load Current vs. Frequency**  
(Load Current =  $I_{\text{RMS}}$  of fundamental)



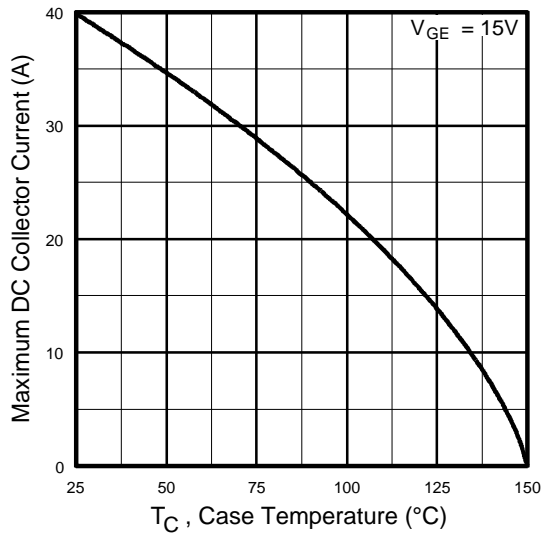
**Fig. 2 - Typical Output Characteristics**



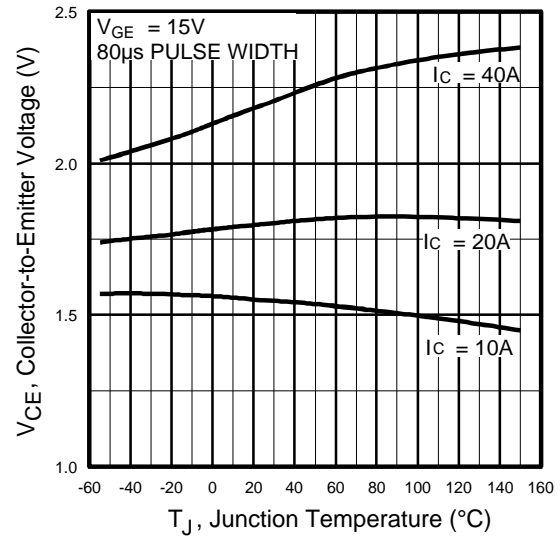
**Fig. 3 - Typical Transfer Characteristics**

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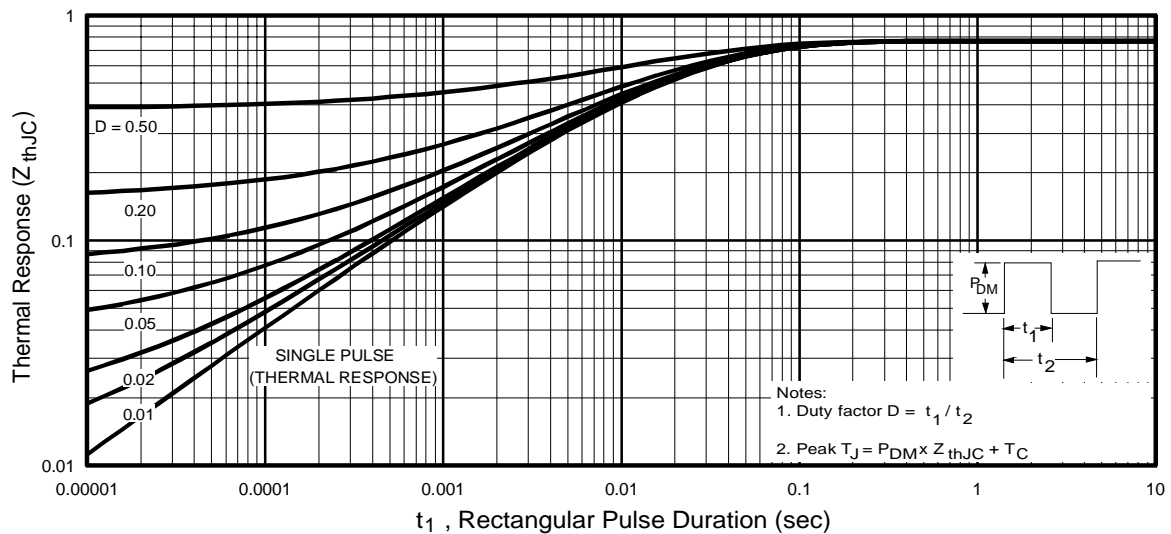
International  
**IR** Rectifier



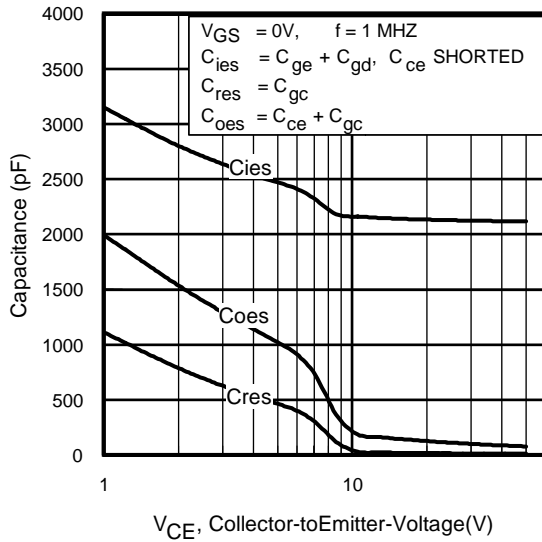
**Fig. 4 - Maximum Collector Current vs. Case Temperature**



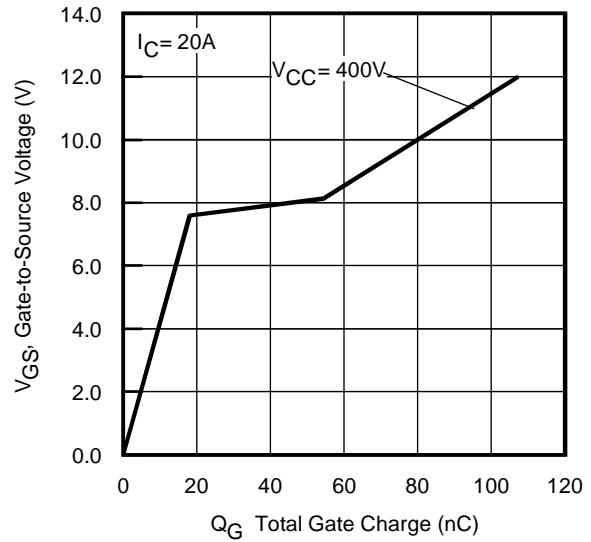
**Fig. 5 - Typical Collector-to-Emitter Voltage vs. Junction Temperature**



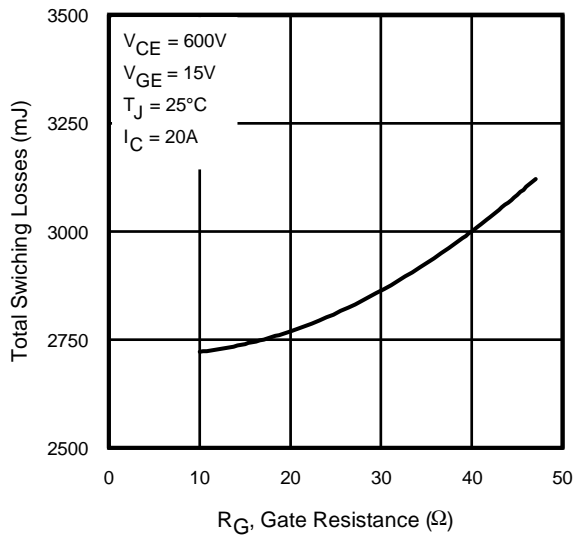
**Fig. 6 - Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case**



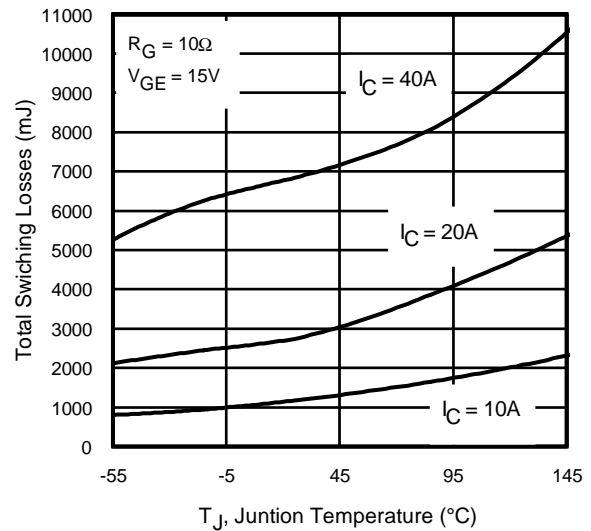
**Fig. 7** - Typical Capacitance vs. Collector-to-Emitter Voltage



**Fig. 8** - Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage



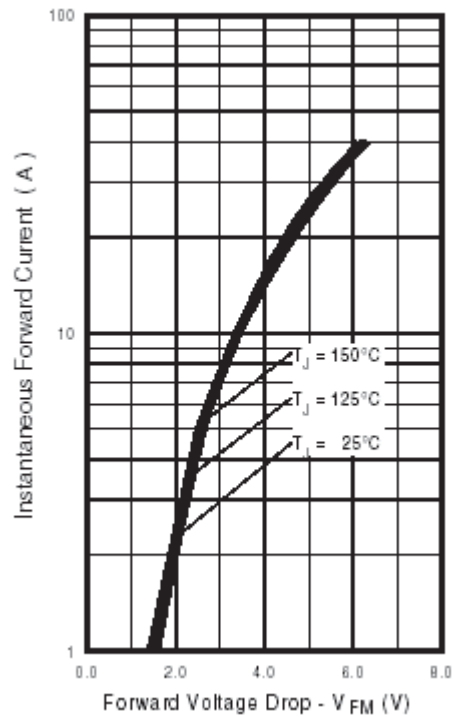
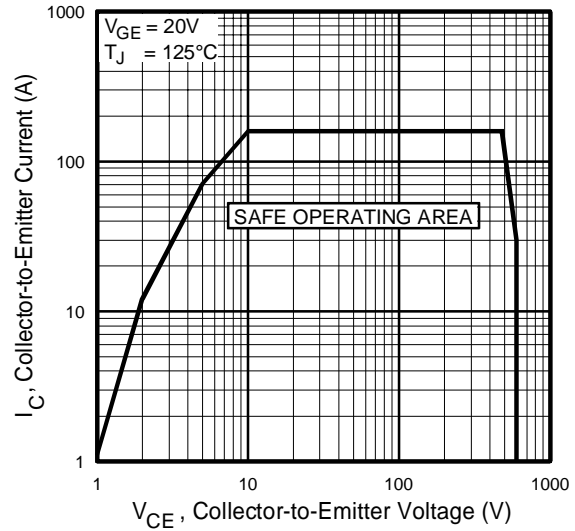
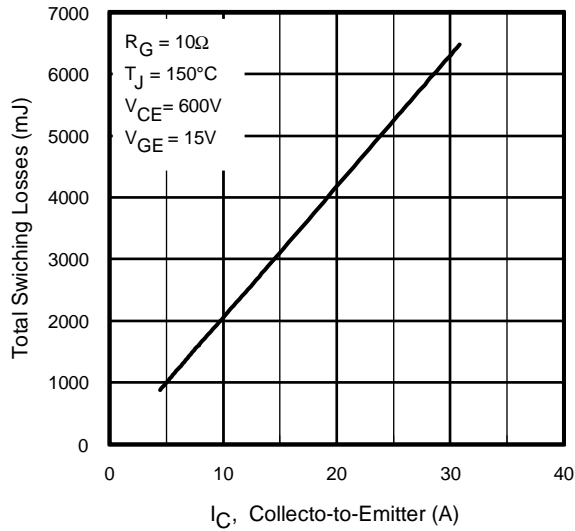
**Fig. 9** - Typical Switching Losses vs. Gate Resistance



**Fig. 10** - Typical Switching Losses vs. Junction Temperature

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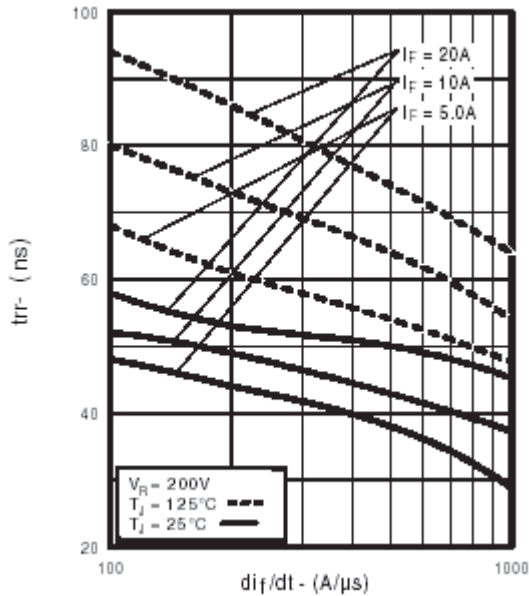


Fig. 14 - Typical Reverse Recovery vs.  $di_f/dt$

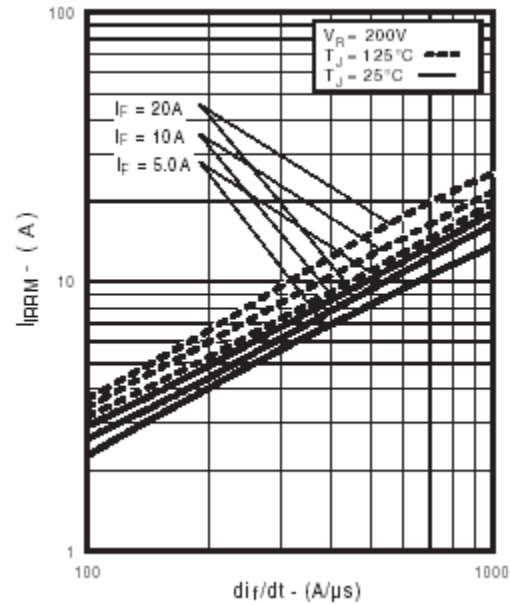


Fig. 15 - Typical Recovery Current vs.  $di_f/dt$

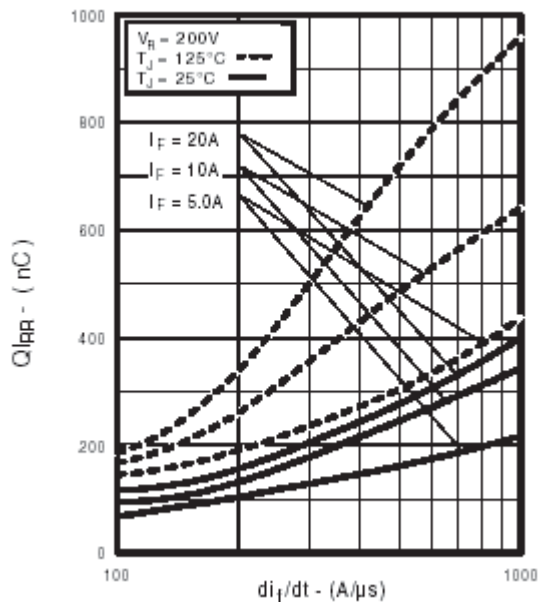


Fig. 16 - Typical Stored Charge vs.  $di_f/dt$

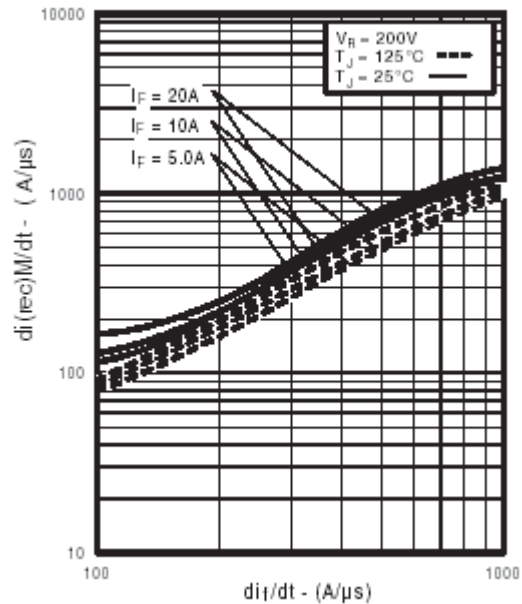
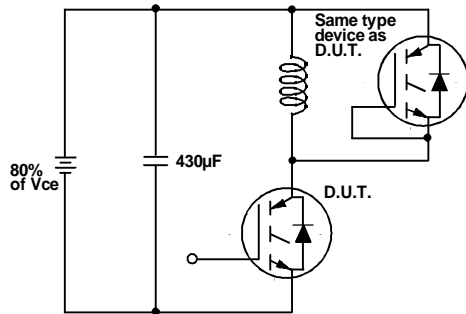


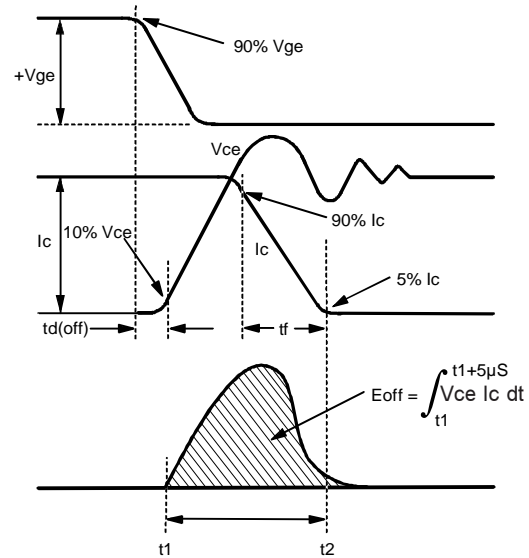
Fig. 17 - Typical  $di_{(rec)}M/dt$  vs.  $di_f/dt$

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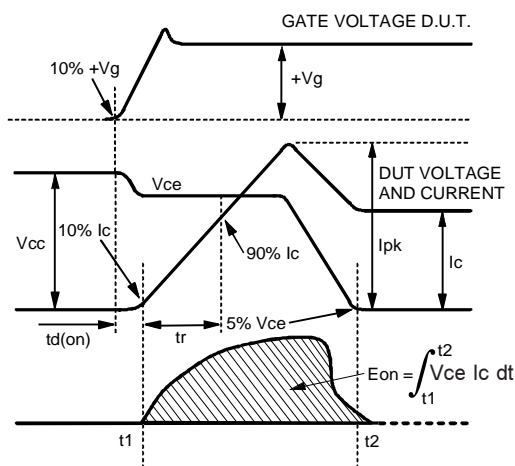
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**IR** Rectifier



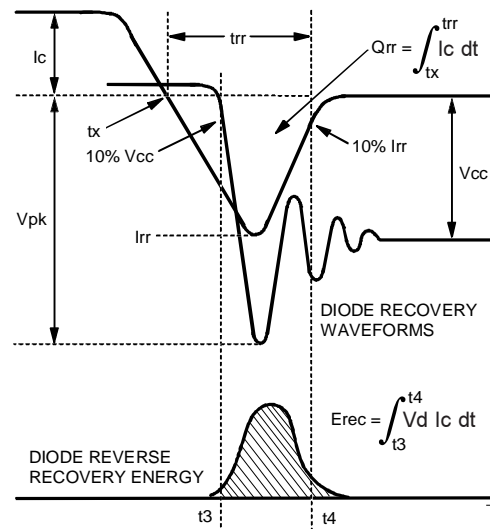
**Fig. 18a** - Test Circuit for Measurement of  $I_{LM}$ ,  $E_{on}$ ,  $E_{off}(\text{diode})$ ,  $t_{rr}$ ,  $Q_{rr}$ ,  $I_{rr}$ ,  $t_{d(on)}$ ,  $t_r$ ,  $t_{d(off)}$ ,  $t_f$



**Fig. 18b** - Test Waveforms for Circuit of Fig. 18a, Defining  $E_{off}$ ,  $t_{d(off)}$ ,  $t_f$



**Fig. 18c** - Test Waveforms for Circuit of Fig. 18a, Defining  $E_{on}$ ,  $t_{d(on)}$ ,  $t_r$



**Fig. 18d** - Test Waveforms for Circuit of Fig. 18a, Defining  $E_{rec}$ ,  $t_{rr}$ ,  $Q_{rr}$ ,  $I_{rr}$



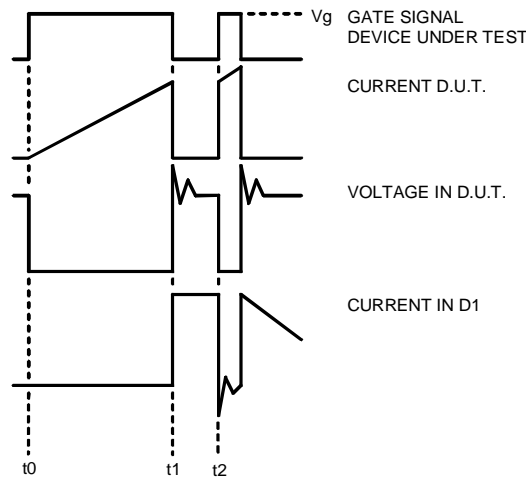


Figure 18e. Macro Waveforms for Figure 18a's Test Circuit

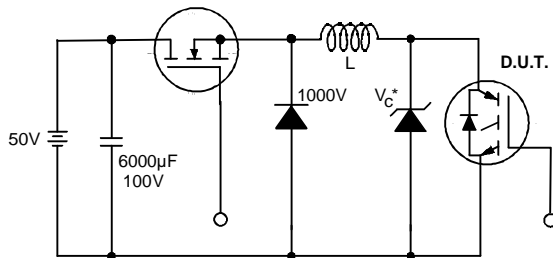


Figure 19. Clamped Inductive Load Test Circuit

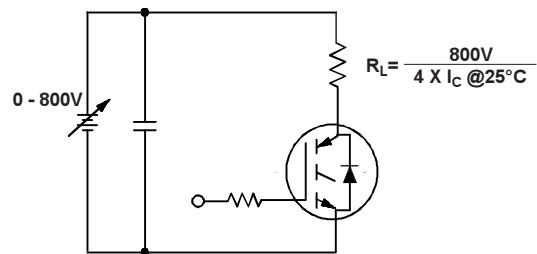


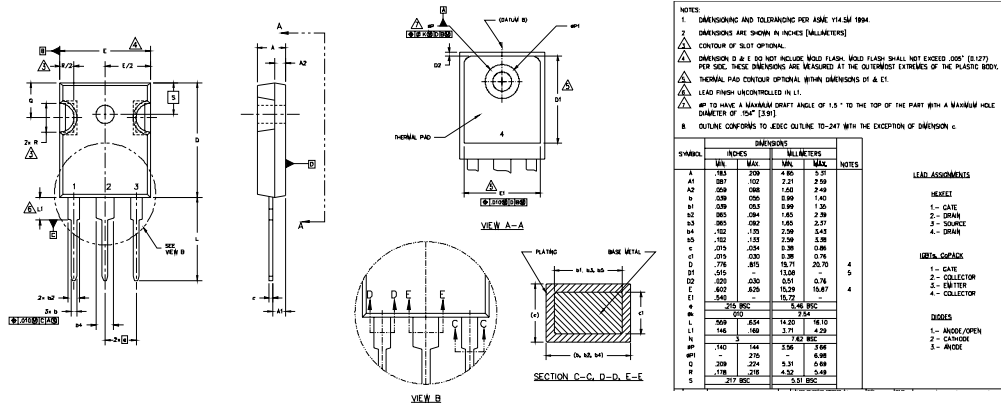
Figure 20. Pulsed Collector Current Test Circuit

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## TO-247AC Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)

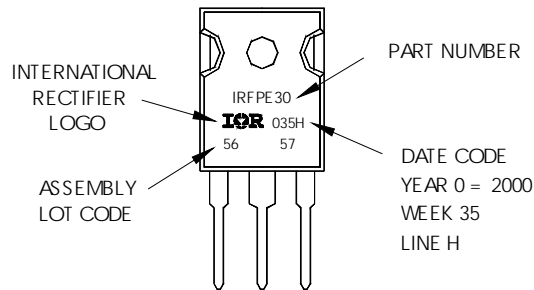
International  
**IR** Rectifier



## TO-247AC Part Marking Information

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRFPE30  
WITH ASSEMBLY  
LOT CODE 5657  
ASSEMBLED ON WW 35, 2000  
IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "H"

**Note:** "P" in assembly line position indicates "Lead-Free"



### Notes:

- ① Repetitive rating:  $V_{GE}=20V$ ; pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature (figure 20)
- ②  $V_{CC}=80\%(V_{CES})$ ,  $V_{GE}=20V$ ,  $L=10\mu H$ ,  $R_G=10\Omega$  (figure 19)
- ③ Pulse width  $\leq 80\mu s$ ; duty factor  $\leq 0.1\%$ .
- ④ Pulse width  $5.0\mu s$ , single shot.

**TO-247AC package is not recommended for Surface Mount Application.**

Data and specifications subject to change without notice.  
This product has been designed and qualified for Industrial market.  
Qualification Standards can be found on IR's Web site.

International  
**IR** Rectifier

**IR WORLD HEADQUARTERS:** 233 Kansas St., El Segundo, California 90245, USA Tel: (310) 252-7105

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