DK13..FW

Fast Switching Thyristor

Replaces July 2001 version, DS4267-4.0

DS4267-4.1 July 2002

FEATURES

- Low Switching Losses At High Frequency.
- Fully Characterised For Operation Up To 20kHz.

APPLICATIONS

- High Power Inverters And Choppers.
- UPS.
- AC Motor Drives.
- Induction Heating.
- Cycloconverters.

VOLTAGE RATINGS

Type Number	Repetitive Peak Voltages V_{DRM} V_{RRM} V	Conditions
DK13 08FW K or M DK13 06FW K or M	800 600	$V_{RSM} = V_{RRM} + 100V$ $I_{DRM} = I_{RRM} = 15mA$ at V_{RRM} or V_{DRM} & T_{vj}

ORDERING INFORMATION

When ordering, select the required part number shown in the Voltage Ratings selection table, then:-

Add K to type number for 1/2" 20 UNF thread, e.g. **DK13 06FWK**

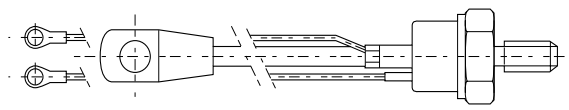
or

Add M to type number for M12 thread, e.g. **DK13 06FM**.

Note: Please use the complete part number when ordering and quote this number in any future correspondance relating to your order.

KEY PARAMETERS

V_{DRM}	**800V**
$I_{T(RMS)}$	**110A**
I_{TSM}	**1200A**
dVdt	**200V/µs**
dI/dt	**200A/µs**
t_q	**10µs**



Outline type code: TO94
See Package Details for further information.

Fig. 1 Package outline

CURRENT RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Max.	Units
$I_{T(AV)}$	Mean on-state current	Half wave resistive load, T_{case} = 80°C	70	A
$I_{T(RMS)}$	RMS value	T_{case} = 80°C	110	A

SURGE RATINGS

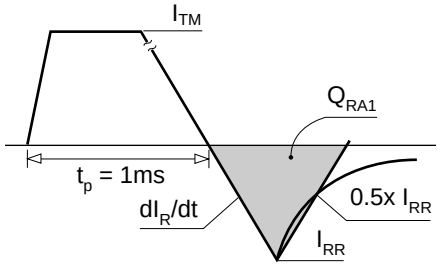
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Max.	Units
I_{TSM}	Surge (non-repetitive) on-state current	t_p = 10ms half sine; T_{case} = 125°C	1.2	kA
I^2t	I^2t for fusing	V_R = 0% V_{RRM} - 1/4 sine	7.2×10^3	A^2s

THERMAL AND MECHANICAL DATA

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Units
$R_{th(j-c)}$	Thermal resistance - junction to case	dc	-	0.24	°C/W
$R_{th(c-h)}$	Thermal resistance - case to heatsink	Mounting torque 15.0Nm with mounting compound	-	0.08	°C/W
T_{vj}	Virtual junction temperature	On-state (conducting)	-	125	°C
		Reverse (blocking)	-	125	°C
T_{stg}	Storage temperature range		-40	150	°C
-	Mounting torque		12.0	15.0	Nm

MEASUREMENT OF RECOVERED CHARGE - Q_{RA1}

Measurement of Q_{RA1} : $Q_{RA1} = \frac{I_{RR} \times t_{RR}}{2}$



DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min.	Max.	Units
V_{TM}	Maximum on-state voltage	At 300A peak, T_{case} = 25°C		-	2.35	V
I_{RRM}/I_{DRM}	Peak reverse and off-state current	At V_{RRM}/V_{DRM}, T_{case} = 125°C		-	15	mA
dV/dt	Maximum linear rate of rise of off-state voltage	Linear to 60% V_{DRM} T_j = 125°C, Gate open circuit		-	200	V/µs
dI/dt	Rate of rise of on-state current	Gate source 20V, 20Ω	Repetitive 50Hz	-	500	A/µs
		t_r < 0.5µs, T_j = 125˚C	Non-repetitive	-	800	A/µs
$V_{T(TO)}$	Threshold voltage	At T_{vj} = 125°C		-	1.65	V
r_T	On-state slope resistance	At T_{vj} = 125°C		-	3.5	mΩ
t_{gd}	Delay time	T_j = 25˚C, I_T = 50A, V_D = 300V, I_G = 1A, dI/dt =50A/µs, dI_G/dt = 1A/µs		-	3	µs
$t_{(ON)TOT}$	Total turn-on time			-	1.5	µs
I_H	Holding current	T_j = 25°C, I_{TM} = 1A, V_D = 12V		60*	-	mA
t_q	Turn-off time	T_j = 125˚C, I_T = 100A, V_R = 50V, dV/dt = 200V/µs (Linear to 60% V_{DRM}), dI_R/dt = 30A/µs, Gate open circuit	t_q code: W	-	10	µs

**Typical value.*

GATE TRIGGER CHARACTERISTICS AND RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Typ.	Max.	Units
V_{GT}	Gate trigger voltage	V_{DRM} = 12V, T_{case} = 25°C, R_L = 6Ω	-	3.0	V
I_{GT}	Gate trigger current	V_{DRM} = 12V, T_{case} = 25°C, R_L = 6Ω	-	200	mA
V_{GD}	Gate non-trigger voltage	At V_{DRM} T_{case} = 125°C, R_L = 1kΩ	-	0.2	V
V_{RGM}	Peak reverse gate voltage		-	5.0	V
I_{FGM}	Peak forward gate current	Anode positive with respect to cathode	-	4	A
P_{GM}	Peak gate power		-	16	W
$P_{G(AV)}$	Mean gate power		-	3.0	W

CURVES

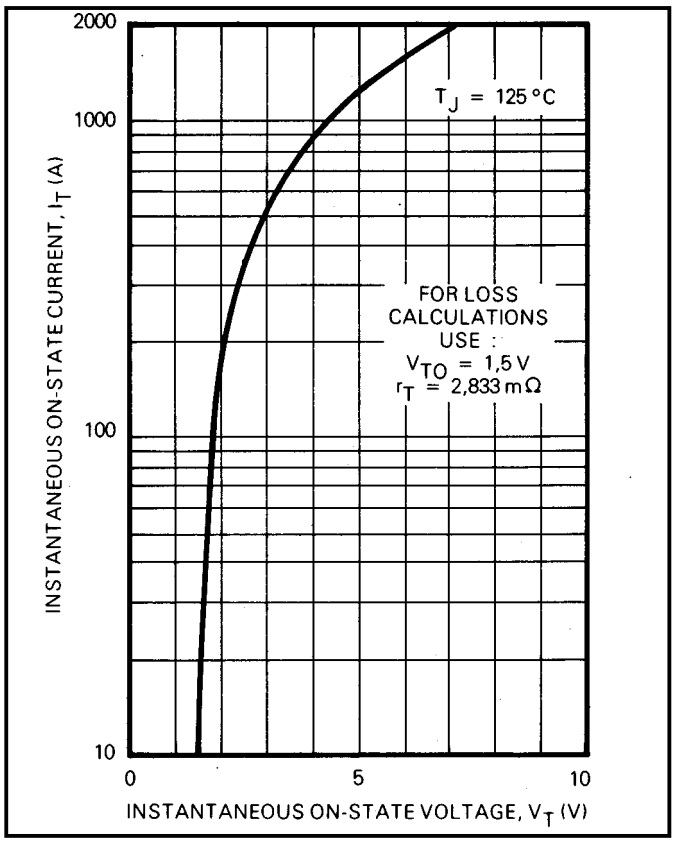


Fig.2 Maximum (limit) on-state characteristics

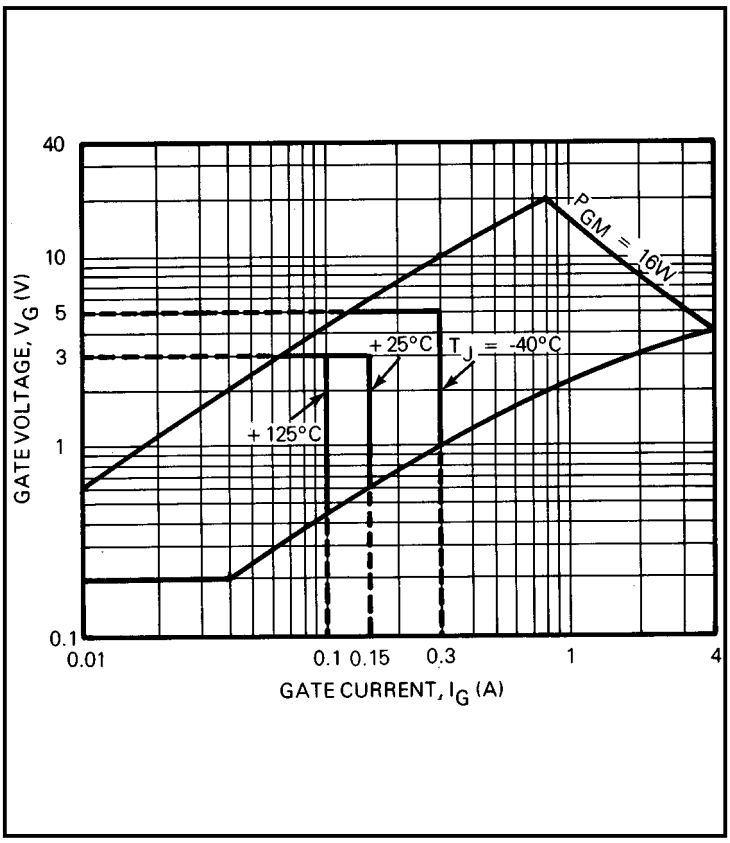


Fig.3 Gate characteristics

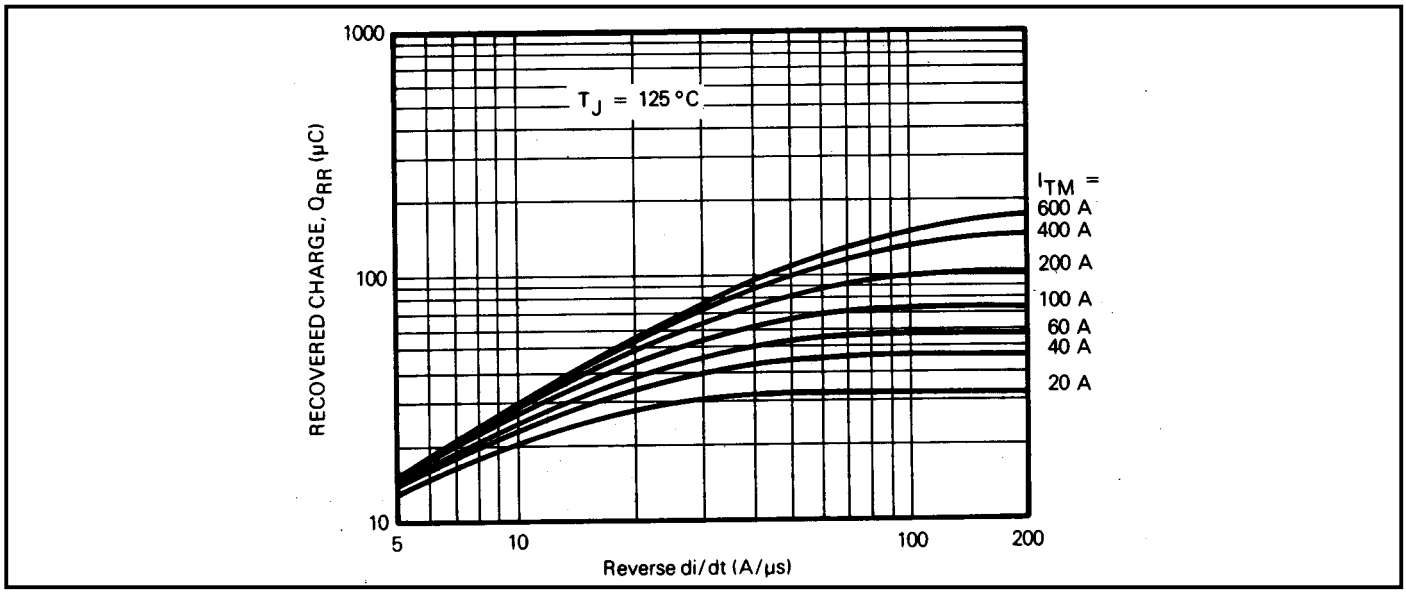


Fig.4 Typical recovered charge (for a device rated V_{DRM} = 600V, t_q = 10µs)

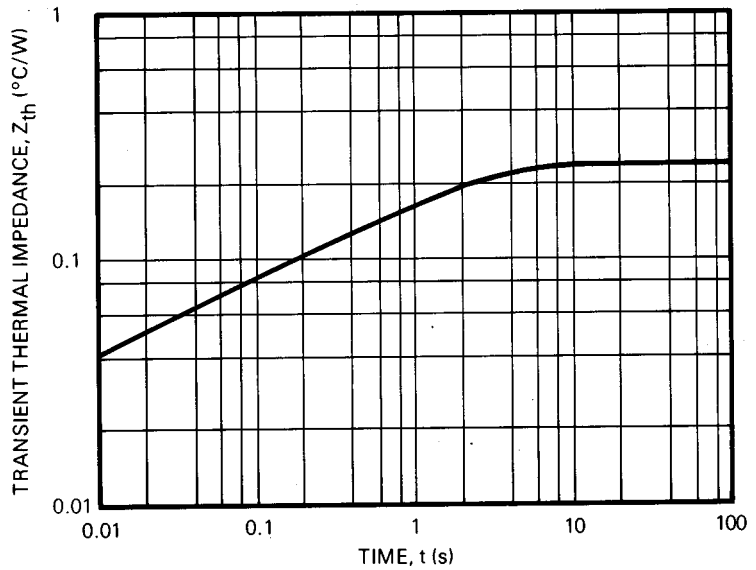


Fig.5 Transient thermal impedance - junction to case

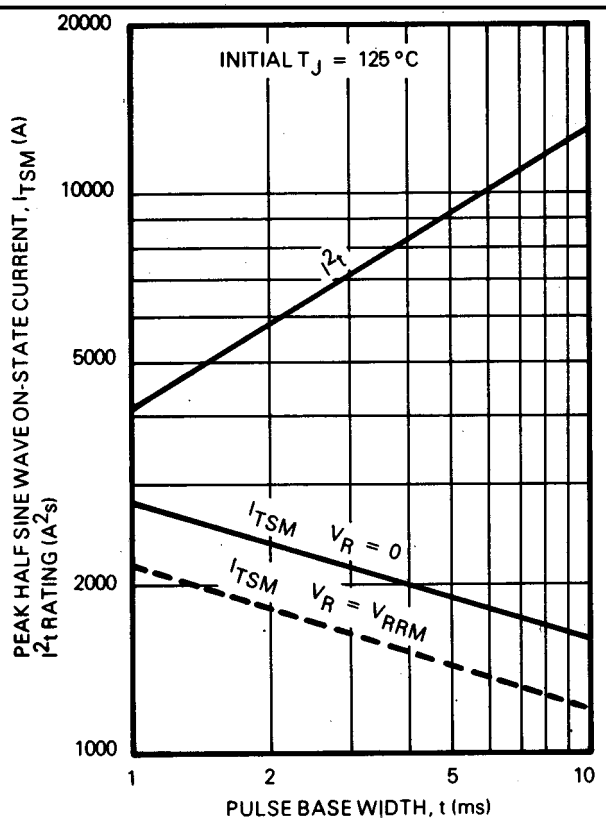
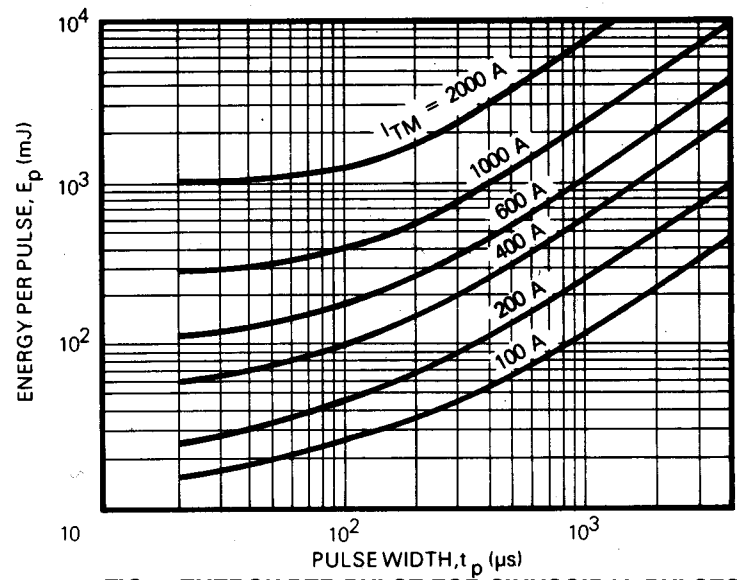


Fig.6 Non-repetitive sub-cycle surge on-state current and I^2t rating



NOTES:
1. $V_D \leq 600V$.
2. $V_R \leq 10V$.
3. R.C Snubber, C = 0.22µF, R = 4.7Ω

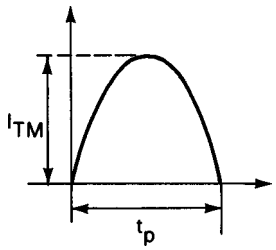
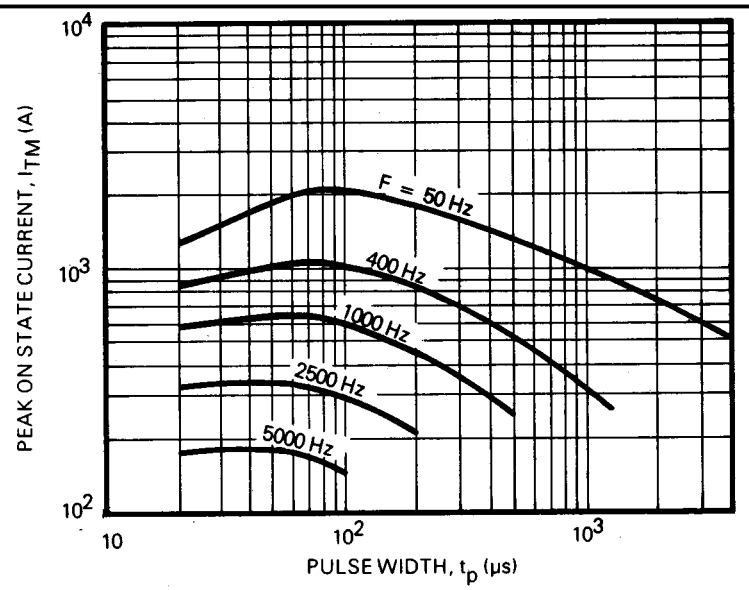


Fig.7 Energy per pulse for sinusoidal pulses



NOTES:
1. $V_D \leq 600V$.
2. $V_R \leq 10V$.
3. R.C Snubber, C = 0.22µF, R = 4.7Ω

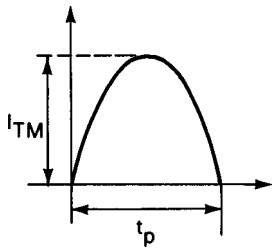
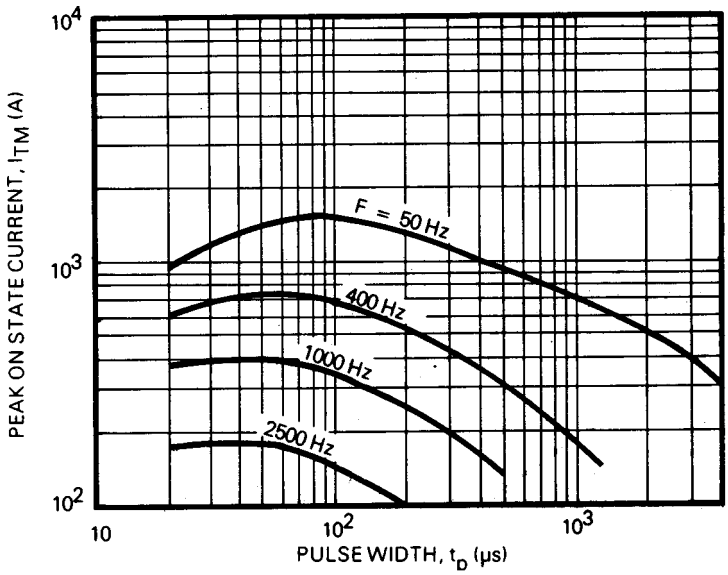


Fig.8 Maximum allowable peak on-state current vs pulse width for T_{case} = 65°C



NOTES:
1. $V_D \leq 600V$.
2. $V_R \leq 10V$.
3. R.C Snubber, C = 0.22µF, R = 4.7Ω

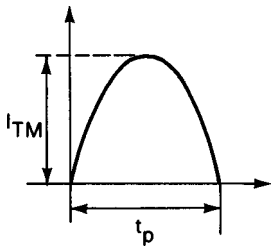
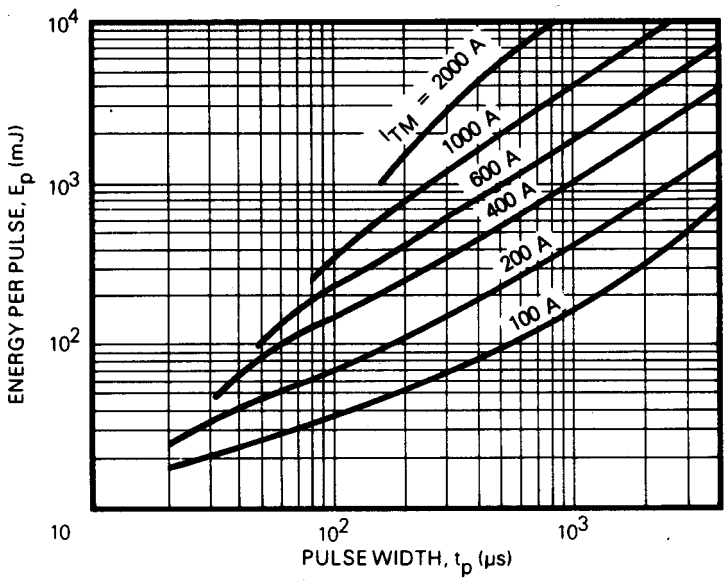


Fig.9 Maximum allowable peak on-state current vs pulse width for T_{case} = 90˚C



NOTES:
1. dI/dt = 25A/µs
2. $V_D \leq 600V$.
3. $V_R \leq 10V$.
4. R.C Snubber, C = 0.22µF, R = 4.7Ω

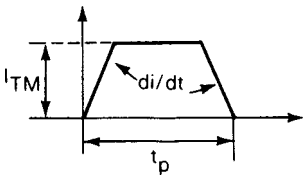
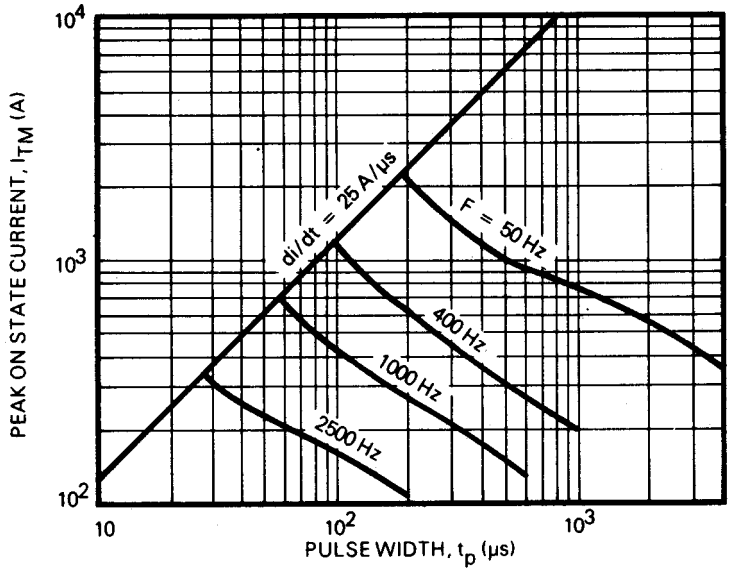


Fig.10 Energy per pulse for trapezoidal pulses



NOTES:
1. dI/dt = 25A/µs
2. $V_D \leq 600V$.
3. $V_R \leq 10V$.
4. R.C Snubber, C = 0.22µF, R = 4.7Ω

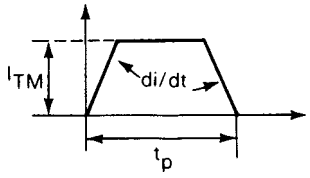
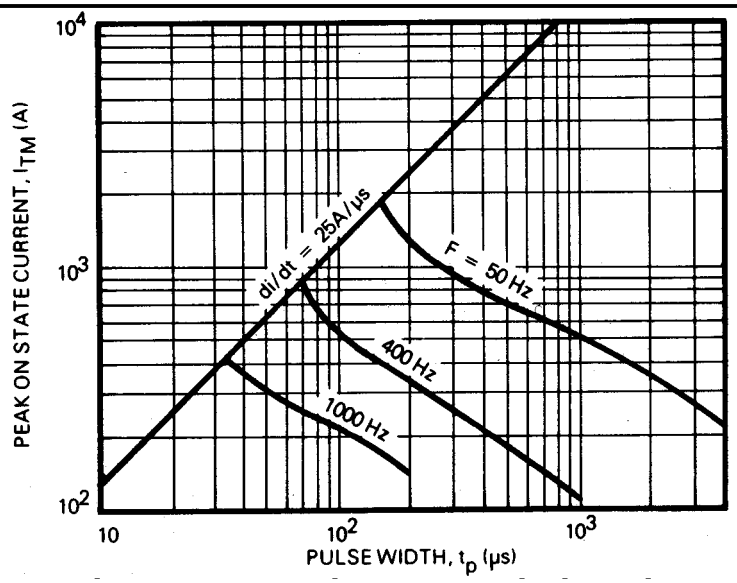


Fig.11 Maximum allowable peak on-state current vs pulse width for T_{case} = 65˚C



NOTES:
1. dI/dt = 25A/µs
2. $V_D \leq 600V$.
3. $V_R \leq 10V$.
4. R.C Snubber, C = 0.22µF, R = 4.7Ω

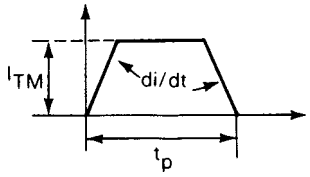
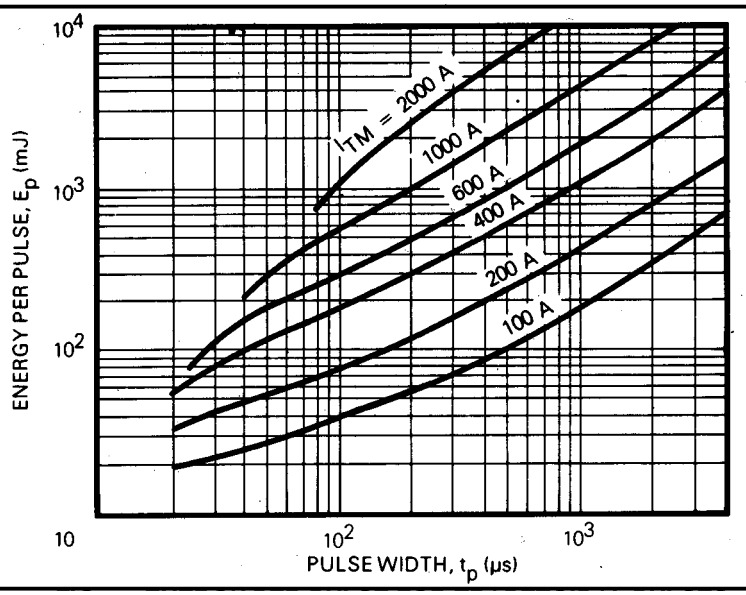


Fig.12 Maximum allowable peak on-state current vs pulse width for T_{case} = 90˚C



NOTES:
1. dI/dt = 50A/µs
2. $V_D \leq 600V$.
3. $V_R \leq 10V$.
4. R.C Snubber, C = 0.22µF, R = 4.7Ω

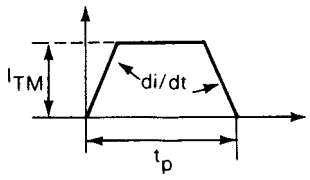
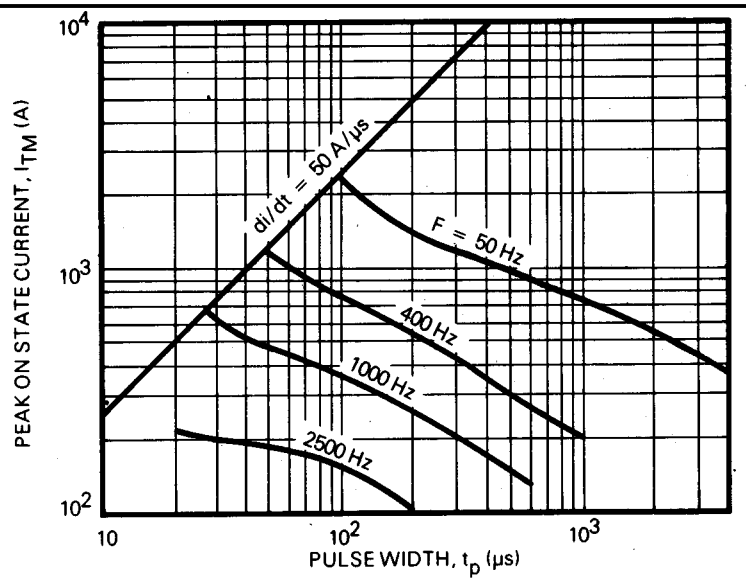


Fig.13 Energy per pulse for trapezoidal pulses



NOTES:
1. dI/dt = 50A/µs
2. $V_D \leq 600V$.
3. $V_R \leq 10V$.
4. R.C Snubber, C = 0.22µF, R = 4.7Ω

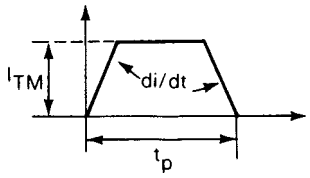
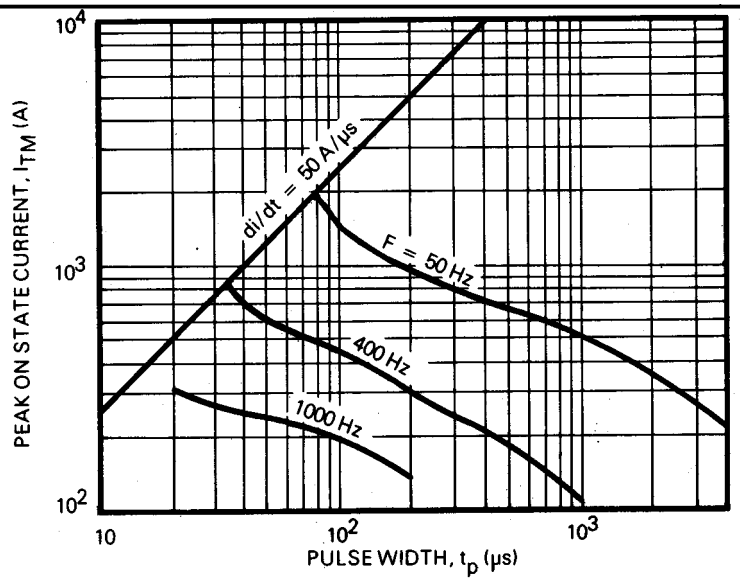


Fig.14 Maximum allowable peak on-state current vs pulse width for T_{case} = 65°C



NOTES:
1. dI/dt = 50A/µs
2. $V_D \leq 600V$.
3. $V_R \leq 10V$.
4. R.C Snubber, C = 0.22µF, R = 4.7Ω

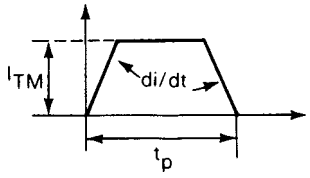
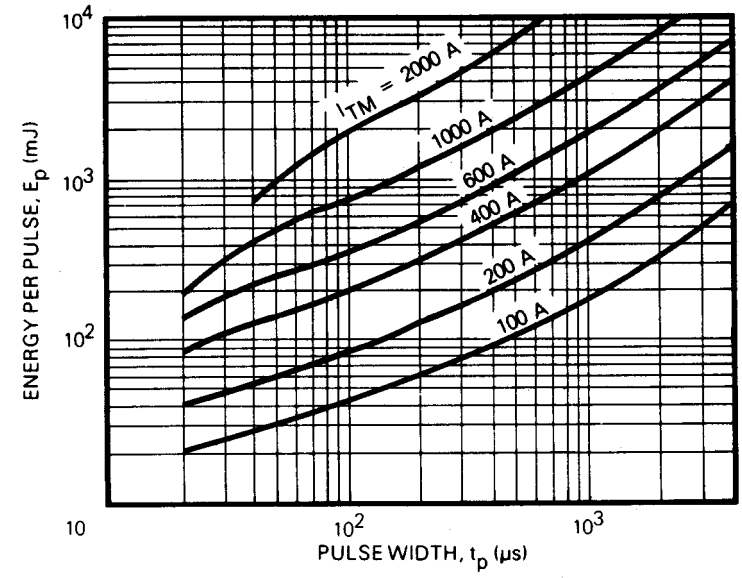


Fig.15 Maximum allowable peak on-state current vs pulse width for T_{case} = 65˚C



NOTES:
1. dI/dt = 100A/µs
2. $V_D \leq 600V$.
3. $V_R \leq 10V$.
4. R.C Snubber, C = 0.22µF, R = 4.7Ω

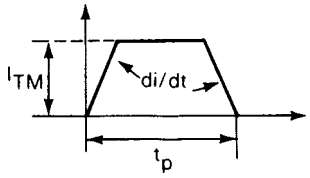
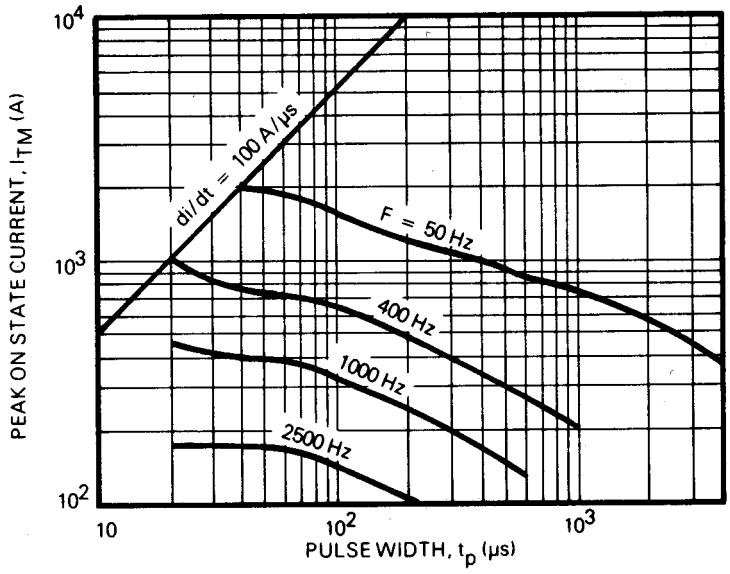


Fig.16 Energy per pulse for trapezoidal pulses



NOTES:
1. dI/dt = 100A/µs
2. $V_D \leq 600V$.
3. $V_R \leq 10V$.
4. R.C Snubber, C = 0.22µF, R = 4.7Ω

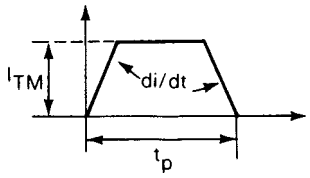
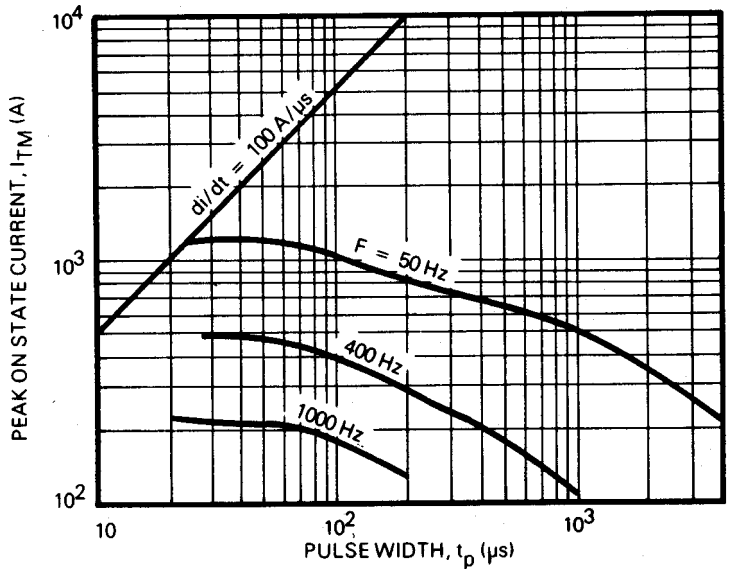


Fig.17 Maximum allowable peak on-state current vs pulse width for T_{case} = 65˚C



NOTES:
1. dI/dt = 100A/µs
2. $V_D \leq 600V$.
3. $V_R \leq 10V$.
4. R.C Snubber, C = 0.22µF, R = 4.7Ω

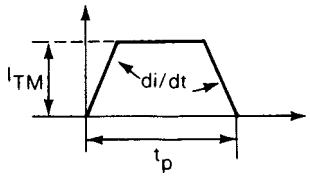
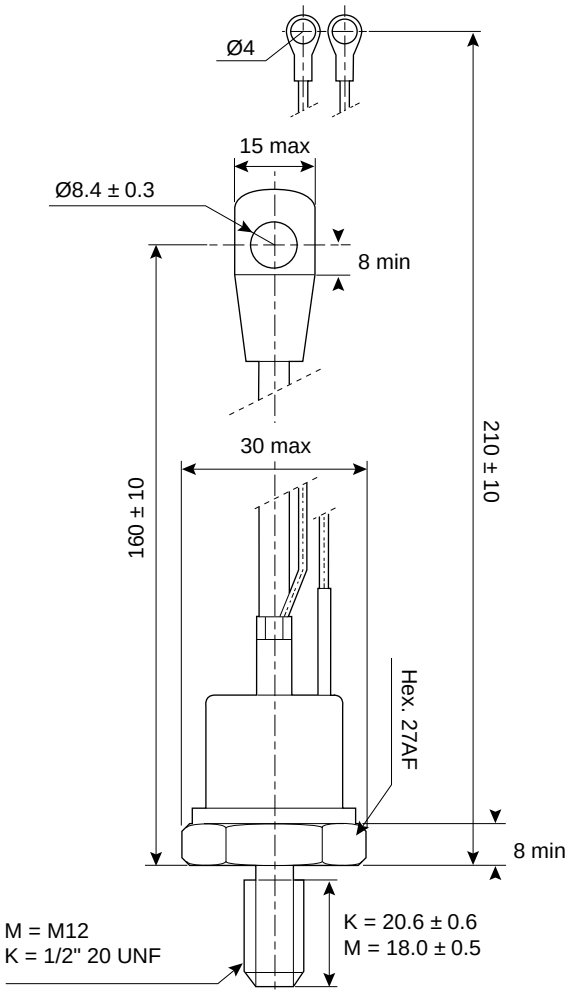


Fig.18 Maximum allowable peak on-state current vs pulse width for T_{case} = 90˚C

PACKAGE DETAILS

For further package information, please contact your nearest Customer Service Centre. All dimensions in mm, unless stated otherwise. DO NOT SCALE.



Nominal weight: 120g
Mounting torque: 15Nm ±10%
Gate lead colour: White
Cathode lead colour: Red

Package outine type code: TO94

POWER ASSEMBLY CAPABILITY

The Power Assembly group was set up to provide a support service for those customers requiring more than the basic semiconductor, and has developed a flexible range of heatsink and clamping systems in line with advances in device voltages and current capability of our semiconductors.

We offer an extensive range of air and liquid cooled assemblies covering the full range of circuit designs in general use today. The Assembly group offers high quality engineering support dedicated to designing new units to satisfy the growing needs of our customers.

Using the latest CAD methods our team of design and applications engineers aim to provide the Power Assembly Complete Solution (PACs).

HEATSINKS

The Power Assembly group has its own proprietary range of extruded aluminium heatsinks which have been designed to optimise the performance of Dynex semiconductors. Data with respect to air natural, forced air and liquid cooling (with flow rates) is available on request.

For further information on device clamps, heatsinks and assemblies, please contact your nearest sales representative or Customer Services.

http://www.dynexsemi.com

e-mail: power_solutions@dynexsemi.com

HEADQUARTERS OPERATIONS
DYNEX SEMICONDUCTOR LTD
Doddington Road, Lincoln.
Lincolnshire. LN6 3LF. United Kingdom.
Tel: +44-(0)1522-500500
Fax: +44-(0)1522-500550

CUSTOMER SERVICE
Tel: +44 (0)1522 502753 / 502901. Fax: +44 (0)1522 500020

SALES OFFICES
Benelux, Italy & Switzerland: Tel: +33 (0)1 64 66 42 17. Fax: +33 (0)1 64 66 42 19.
France: Tel: +33 (0)2 47 55 75 52. Fax: +33 (0)2 47 55 75 59.
Germany, Northern Europe, Spain & Rest Of World: Tel: +44 (0)1522 502753 / 502901.
Fax: +44 (0)1522 500020
North America: Tel: (440) 259-2060. Fax: (440) 259-2059. Tel: (949) 733-3005. Fax: (949) 733-2986.

These offices are supported by Representatives and Distributors in many countries world-wide.

Datasheet Annotations:

Dynex Semiconductor annotate datasheets in the top right hard corner of the front page, to indicate product status. The annotations are as follows:-

Target Information: This is the most tentative form of information and represents a very preliminary specification. No actual design work on the product has been started.

Preliminary Information: The product is in design and development. The datasheet represents the product as it is understood but details may change.

Advance Information: The product design is complete and final characterisation for volume production is well in hand.

No Annotation: The product parameters are fixed and the product is available to datasheet specification.