PARADIGM®

PDM4M4060

256K x 32 CMOS Static RAM Module

Features

- □ High-density 8 megabit Static RAM module)
- □ Low profile 72-lead SIMM and Angled SIMM (Single In-line Memory Module)
- \Box Very fast access time: 10 ns (max.)
- □ Surface mounted plastic components on an epoxy laminate (FR-4) substrate
- \Box Single 5V (±10%) power supply
- □ Multiple V_{SS} pins and decoupling capacitors for maximum noise immunity
- □ Inputs/outputs directly TTL compatible

Description

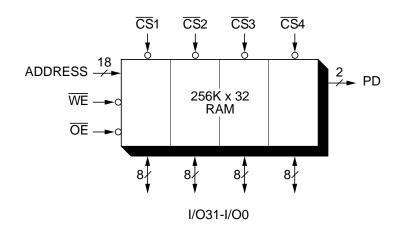
The PDM4M4060 is a 256K x 32 static RAM module constructed on an epoxy laminate (FR-4) substrate using eight 256K x 4 static RAMs in plastic SOJ packages. Availability of four chip select lines (one for each of two RAMs) provides byte access. The PDM4M4060 is available with access times as fast as 15 ns with minimal power consumption.

The PDM4M4060 is packaged in a 72-lead SIMM (Single In-line Memory Module). The SIMM configuration allows 72 leads to be placed on a package 4.25" long and 0.35" wide. At only 0.650" high, this low-profile package is ideal for systems minimum board with spacing. The SIMM configuration allows use of angled sockets to reduce the effective module height further. The Angled SIMM configuration allows 72 leads to be placed on a package 4.255" long and 0.35" wide. At only 0.680" high, this low-profile package is ideal for systems with minimum board spacing.

All inputs and outputs of the PDM4M4060 are TTL compatible and operate from a single 5V supply. Full asynchronous circuitry requires no clock or refresh for operation and provides equal access and cycle times for ease of use.

Four identification pins (PD3-PD0) are provided for applications in which different density versions of the module are used. In this way, the target system can read the respective levels of PD3-PD0 to determine a 256K depth.

Functional Block Diagram



Pin Configuration⁽¹⁾

			_				
NC PD3 PD0 I/O0 I/O1 I/O2 I/O3 Vcc A7 A8 A9 I/O4 I/O5 I/O6 I/O7 WE A14 CS1 CS3 A16 Vss I/O16 I/O17 I/O18 I/O17 I/O18 I/O19 A10 A11 A12 I/O20 I/O21 I/O20 I/O21 I/O20 I/O21 I/O20 I/O21 I/O20 I/O21 I/O20 I/O	$\begin{array}{c} 2\\ 4\\ 6\\ 8\\ 10\\ 12\\ 14\\ 16\\ 12\\ 24\\ 26\\ 28\\ 30\\ 32\\ 34\\ 36\\ 32\\ 34\\ 40\\ 42\\ 44\\ 48\\ 50\\ 52\\ 56\\ 60\\ 62\\ 66\\ 68\\ 70\\ 72\\ \end{array}$	т	SIN	лм view	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	NC PD2 Vss PD1 I/O8 I/O9 I/O10 I/O11 A0 A1 A2 I/O12 I/O13 I/O14 I/O15 Vss A15 CS2 CS4 A17 OE I/O24 I/O25 I/O26 I/O27 A3 A4 A5 Vcc A6 I/O28 I/O29 I/O30 I/O31 NC NC	PD0 PD1 PD2 PD3

NOTE: 1. Pins 3, 4, 5, and 7 (PD3-PD0) are read by the user to determine the density of the module. If PD0, PD1 reads V_{SS} and PD2, PD3 reads OPEN then the module has a 256K depth.

Pin Assignment

- Vss - Vss - OPEN - OPEN

Pin	Signal
I/O31-I/O0	Data Inputs/Outputs
A17-A0	Addresses
CS4-CS1	Chip Selects
WE	Write Enable
ŌĒ	Output Enable
PD3-PD0	Depth Identification
V _{CC}	Power
V _{SS}	Ground
NC	No Connect

Truth Table

Mode	CS	ŌĒ	WE	Output	Power
Deselect/ Power-down	Н	Х	Х	High-Z	Standby
Read	L	L	н	DATA _{OUT}	Active
Write	L	Х	L	DATA _{IN}	Active
Deselect	L	н	Н	High-Z	Active

Absolute Maximum Ratings⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Rating	Com'l.	Ind.	Unit
V _{TERM}	Terminal Voltage with Respect to V_{SS}	-0.5 to +7.0	-0.5 to +7.0	V
T _{BIAS}	Temperature Under Bias	-10 to +85	-10 to +85	°C
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature	-55 to +125	-65 to +150	°C
T _A	Operating Temperature	0 to +70	0 to +70	°C
P _T	Power Dissipation	1.0	1.0	W
I _{OUT}	DC Output Current	50	50	mA

NOTE: 1. Stresses greater than those listed under ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

Recommended DC Operating Conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V _{CC}	Supply Voltage	4.75	5.0	5.25	V
V _{SS}	Supply Voltage	0	0	0	V
Commercial	Ambient Temperature	0	25	70	°C

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Max.	Unit
ILI	Input Leakage Current (Address \overline{WE} , and \overline{OE})	$V_{CC} = Max., V_{IN} = V_{SS}$ to V_{CC}	_	80	μA
ILI	Input Leakage Current (Data and CS)	V_{CC} = Max., V_{IN} = V_{SS} to V_{CC}	—	10	μΑ
I _{LO}	Output Leakage Current	$V_{OUT} = V_{SS}$ to V_{CC} , $V_{CC} = Max.$, $\overline{CS} = V_{IH}$	—	10	μΑ
V _{OL}	Output Low Voltage	I _{OL} = 8 mA, V _{CC} = Min.	—	0.4	V
V _{OH}	Output High Voltage	$I_{OL} = -4 \text{ mA}, V_{CC} = \text{Min.}$	2.4	—	V
V _{IH}	Input High Voltage		2.2	6.0	V
V _{IL}	Input Low Voltage		-0.5 ⁽¹⁾	0.8	V

DC Electrical Characteristics (V_{CC} = 5.0V \pm 5%, T_A = 0°C to 70°C)

NOTE 1. V_{IL} = –3.0V for pulse widths less than 10 ns, once per cycle.

Power Supply Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	10 ns - 15 ns ⁽¹⁾ Max	20 ns - 25 ns ⁽¹⁾ Max	Unit
I _{CC}	$\frac{\text{Operating Current}}{\text{CS}} = V_{\text{IL}}, V_{\text{CC}} = \text{Max., } f = f_{\text{MAX}}, \text{Outputs Open}$	1600	1360	mA
I _{SB}	$\frac{Standby \ Current}{CS} \geq V_{IH}, \ V_{CC} = Max., \ f = f_{MAX}, \ Outputs \ Open$	480	480	mA
I _{SB1}	$ \begin{array}{l} \mbox{Full Standby Current } \overline{CS} \geq \ V_{CC} - 0.2V, \\ \mbox{f} = 0, \ V_{IN} > V_{CC} - 0.2V \mbox{ or } < 0.2V, \ \mbox{Outputs Open} \end{array} $	320	120	mA

NOTE 1. Preliminary specification only.

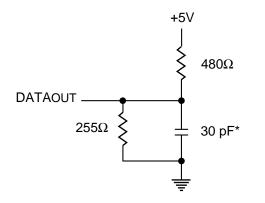
Capacitance⁽¹⁾ ($T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, f = 1.0 MHz)

Symbol	Parameter	Max.	Unit
C _{IN(D)}	Input Capacitance, $(\overline{CS}) V_{IN} = 0V$	20	pF
C _{IN(A)}	Input Capacitance, (Address and Control) $V_{IN} = 0V$	70	pF
C _{I/O}	I/O Capacitance, V _{OUT} = 0V	12	pF

NOTE 1. This parameter is determined by device characteristics but is not production tested.

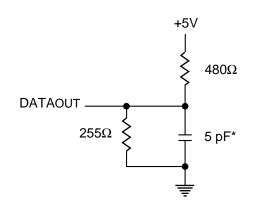
AC Test Conditions

Input Pulse Levels	V _{SS} to 3.0V
Input Rise/Fall Times	5 ns
Input Timing Reference Levels	1.5V
Output Reference Levels	1.5V
Output Load	See Figures 1 and 2



* Including scope and jig capacitances





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Figure 2. Output Load (for tOHZ, tCHZ, tOLZ, and tCLZ)

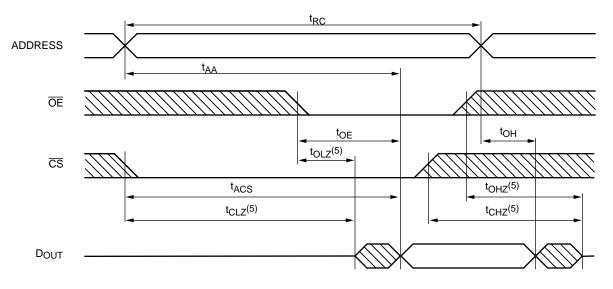
AC Electrical Characteristics (Vcc = 5V \pm 5%, T_A = 0°C to +70°C)

				PDN	14M406	osxxz,	PDM4N	/14060S	ХХМ				
			ns ⁽²⁾	-12	ns ⁽²⁾	-15 ns ⁽²⁾		-20 ns		-25 ns			
Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Unit	
Read Cyc	le												
t _{RC}	Read Cycle Time	10	—	12	—	15	—	20	—	25	—	ns	
t _{AA}	Address Access Time	-	10	_	12	—	15	_	20	—	25	ns	
t _{ACS}	Chip Select Access Time	-	10	—	12	—	15	_	20	—	25	ns	
t _{CLZ} ⁽¹⁾	Chip Select to Output in Low-Z	2	_	2	—	2	-	5	_	5	_	ns	
t _{OE}	Output Enable to Output Valid	-	5	_	7	—	8	_	10	—	12	ns	
t _{OLZ} ⁽¹⁾	Output Enable to Output in Low-Z	0	-	0	—	0	-	0	-	0	_	ns	
t _{CHZ} ⁽¹⁾	Chip Deselect to Output in High-Z	-	6	—	7	—	8	_	10	—	12	ns	
t _{OHZ} ⁽¹⁾	Output Disable to Output in High-Z	-	6	_	7	—	8	_	10	—	10	ns	
t _{OH}	Output Hold from Address Change	3	-	3	—	3	-	3	-	3	_	ns	
Write Cyc	le												
t _{WC}	Write Cycle Time	10	—	12	—	15	-	_	20	—	25	ns	
t _{CW}	Chip Select to End of Write	8	-	10	—	12	-					ns	
t _{AW}	Address Valid to End of Write	8	-	10	—	12	-	20	-	25	_	ns	
t _{AS}	Address Setup Time	0	-	0	-	0	-	15	_	20	_	ns	
t _{WP}	Write Pulse Width	8	-	10	—	12	-	15	-	20	—	ns	
t _{WR}	Write Recovery Time	1	-	1	—	1	-	0	-	0	-	ns	
t _{WHZ} ⁽¹⁾	Write Enable to Output in High-Z	-	5	—	6	—	7	15	-	20	-	ns	
t _{DW}	Data to Write Time Overlap	6	-	7	—	8	-	0	-	0	-	ns	
t _{DH}	Data Hold from Write Time	1	-	1	—	1	-	—	13	—	15	ns	
t _{OW} ⁽¹⁾	Output Active from End of Write	1	—	1	—	1	—	12		15	—	ns	

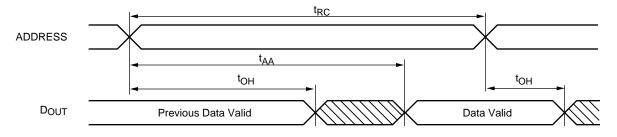
NOTES 1. This parameter is determined by device characteristics but is not production tested.

2. Preliminary specifications only.

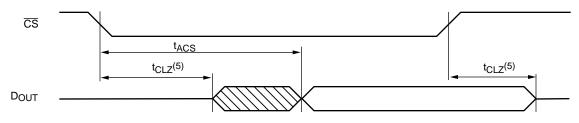
Timing Waveforms of Read Cycle No.1⁽¹⁾



Timing Waveforms of Read Cycle No.2^(1,2,4)



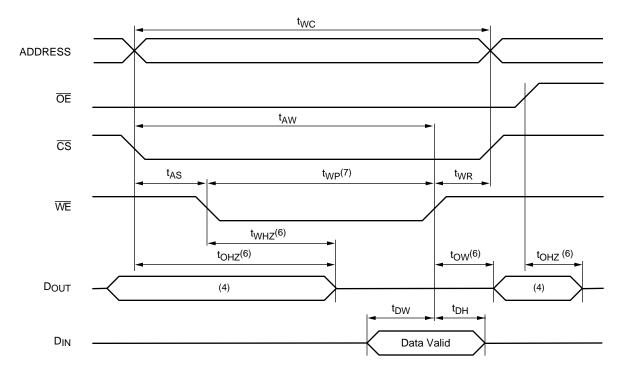
Timing Waveforms of Read Cycle No.3^(1,3,4)



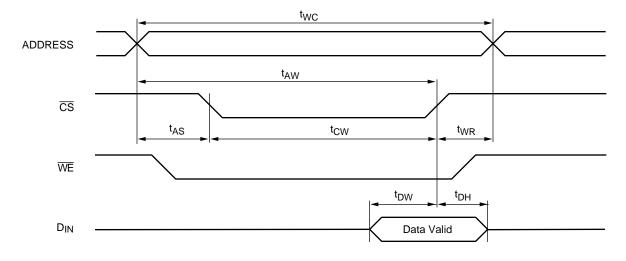
NOTES 1 \overline{WE} is HIGH for Read Cycle.

- Device is continuously selected. CS = V_{IL}.
 Address valid prior to or coincident with CS transition LOW.
- 4. $\overline{OE} = V_{IL}$.
- 5. Transition is measured ±200 mV for steady state. This parameter is determined by device characteristics but is not production tested.

Timing Waveforms of Write Cycle No.1 (\overline{WE} Controlled)^(1,2,3,7)



Timing Waveforms of Write Cycle No.2 (\overline{CS} Controlled)^(1,2,3,5)

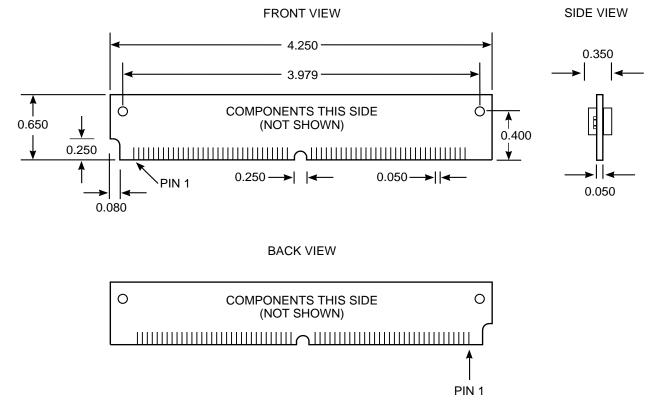


NOTES 1 $\overline{\text{WE}}$ or $\overline{\text{CS}}$ must be HIGH during all address transitions.

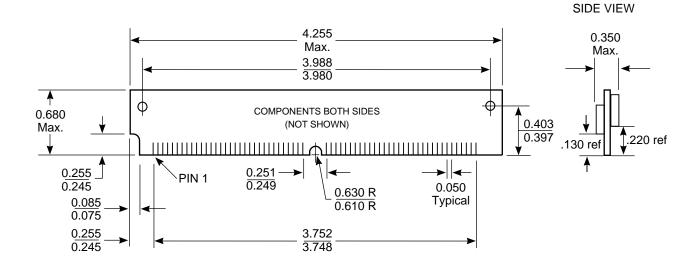
- 2. A write occurs during the overlap (t_{WP}) of a LOW \overline{CS} and a LOW \overline{WE} .
- 3. t_{WR} is measured from the earlier of \overline{CS} or \overline{WE} going HIGH to end the write cycle.
- 4. During this period, I/O pins are in the output state, and input signals must be applied.
- 5. If the CS LOW transition occurs simultaneously with or after the WE LOW transition, the outputs remain in a high-impedance state.
- 6. Transition is measured ±200 mV for steady state with a 5 pF load (including scope and jig). This parameter is determined by device characteristics but is not production tested.
- 7. If OE is LOW during a WE controlled write cycle, the write pulse width must be the larger of t_{WP} or (t_{WHZ} + t_{DW}) to allow the I/O drivers to turn off and data to be placed on the bus for the required t_{DW}. If OE is HIGH during a WE controlled write cycle, this requirement does not apply and the write pulse width can be as short as the specified t_{WP}

Package Dimensions

SIMM Version



Angled SIMM Version



Ordering Information

